號十五百六千七第

No. 7650

日七初月五年年王緒光

PORTLAND CEMENT.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA,

THE Undersigned have been oppointed

Bour Agenra for the Sale of their Goods

by Mesers KYNOCH & Co., of WITTON, near

Hongkong, 14th December, 1881.

BIRMINGHAM

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

MEYER & Co.

Ports, has now the satisfaction to offer a

LARGER, CHOICEE, and more COMPLETE COL-

LECTION of VIRWS, than any other in the

Empire. A Panerama of Hothow, and Views

of the surrounding country, including Krowa

IVORY MINIATURES of superior excellence

and high finish, pointed by native artists under

pareful enpervision, from 87.

D. K. CRIEFITH L. de anthority to Sign.

STUDIO, WHEN BROAD

Jeanly opposite the B. Charle Hotal.

OHOW, have recently been added to the above.

Ex "BENGLOE" and "GLENARTNEY

PORT WINE 1847—red label, in Cases of l Dozen.

PORT WINE 1832-red label, in Cases of

INVALID'S SPECIAL PORT-blue label

And a low cases your fine OLD MADEIRA.

J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co.

in Cases of 1 Dozen.

Hongkoug 10th Jane 1892

HONGKONG, THUREDAY, JUNE 22ND, 1882.

四年禮

PRICE \$25 PER MONTH.

pany will be Paid at the Office of the Under-

DENTAL NOTICE.

R. ROGERS will be absent from Hong.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Agents.

signed on and after that date.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1882.

kong until early in July.

Hougkong, oth June, 1882.

就二命月六英港香

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES. INTIMATIONS. AUCTIONS: AUCTIONS. NOTICES OF FIRMS. BANKS. SHIPPING. DIRECT ROUTE TO AUSTRALIA. PUBLIC AUCTION. PUBLIC AUCTION. TO CONSIGNEES OF OPTIONAL CARGO RIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. EXO. 8.8. CO.'S'S.S. " LAERTES," ARRIVALS. FOR SINGAPORE, PORT DARWIN THE Undersigned has received instructions THE Undersigned has received instructions FROM LIVERPOOL. June 21. LAERTES, British steamer, 1,391 THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY to Soll by Public Auction, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE, BRIS. (INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER). to Sell by Public Auction, on Mr. ARTHUR CHART in our Firm R. F. Scale. Liverpool 6th May, and THIS DAY. SHIPPING Orders must be obtained from the Undersigned not later than the 27th BANE, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE MONDAY. Taking through Cargo and Passengers to. CEASED on the 31st March, ultimo. the 22nd day of June, 1882, at 2 P.M., at the PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,500,000. the Undersigned not later than the 27th Singapore 15th June, General. - Burthe 26th June, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the Prawises FENWICK, CHART & Co. "UNITED CLUB," No. 15, Staunton Street, ADELAIDE, NEW ZEALAND PORTS, FIJT The HOUSE No. 1. West Street, registered in inst., for shipment per steamer "AJAX" TERPIELD & SWIRE. The business will be carried on as heretofore (Owing to the Expiry of the LEASE.) and New Calebonia). LONDON BANKERS the Land Office as SECTION A of IN-BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. June 21, STHATHMORE, British str., 1,383, by the remaining partner Mr. GEO, FEN-THE Steamship THE WHOLH OF THE LAND LOT No. 92A. Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882, BANK OF ENGLAND. J. Rowell, London, via Singapore 15th WICK, under the name and style of OUSEHOLD FURNITURE For Particulars and Conditions of Sale, UNION BANK OF LONDON. June, General Russell & Co. GEO. FENWICK & Co. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. 'MDATH. AND FIXTURES BANK OF SCOTLAND, LONDON, Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. Captain Johnson, will leave for the above Ports, OF THE ABOVE CLUB. RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED. J. M GUEDES. CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer TO. DAY, the 22nd instant, at Noon, instead on DEPOSITS A THURSTON'S BILLIARD TABLE (Steel OLEARANCES. of as previously notified. NOTICE. At 3 Months' Notice, 3 per Cent. per Annum 33, Wellington Street. For Freight or Passage, apply to GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. [1174 are hereby notified that the Cargo is being dis-Stand) with BALLS, &c., Complete, AT THE HARROUR MASTER'S OFFICE. At 6 Months' Notice, 4 per Cent. per Annun Hongisong, 19th June, 1882. A PHELAN'S BILLIARD TABLE with TATE have been appointed Agents for the charged into Craft, and landed at the Wanshai At 12 Months' Notice, 5 per Cent. per Annum JUNE 21st. MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, OF Hongkong, 21st June, 1889. BALLS, &c., Completo. Godown Co.'s No. 4 Godown; in both cases PUBLIC AUCTION. Current Accounts kept on Terms which may Ashington, British str., for Swatow. 2 Sets of BOWLING ALLEYS, Complete it will lie at Consignees risk. The Cargo will forto at this Port be learnt on application. Ningpo, British str., for Canton, UNION LINE. be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on THE Undersigned has received instructions GEO R STEVENS & Co TERMS - Cash on delivory. Hongkong, let June. 1882. Siamese Crown, Siamoso ship, for Bangkok. and after the 21st June, 1882. from the Monagagees to Sell by Public Hougkong, 1st January, 1882. FOR YOKOHAMA. Goods undelivered after the 27th June, 1882, Austion, on Auctionner. CONGRONG & SHANGHAI BANKING THE Steamship will be subject to Rent. Hongkong, 15th June, 1882. TUESDAY, NOTICE. CORPORATION he 4th day of July, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. DEPARTURES. Hongkong, 21st June, 1882. FINE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of PAID-UP CAPITAL 5,000,000 of Dellars. PUBLIC AUCTION. Captain Rowell, will be despatched for the above June 21, Mozart, German brig, for Amoy. (Nos. 94 and 96, Bonham Strand.) Mr. CHARLES KAHN in our Firm RESERVE FUND 2.100,000 of Dollars. Port, TO-MORROW, the 23th instant, at June 21, EMUY, Spanish str., for Manila. ARMSTRONG has received in-UNION LINE. that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situate. CEASED on the 30th April, 1882. June 21, NELSON, British str., for Saigon. THREE P.M. COURT OF DIRECTORS :-structions to Sell by Public Auction, lying, and being at Victoria, in the Island REISS & Co. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. Chairman-H. L. DALEYMPLE, Esq. For Freight or Passage, apply to Hongkong, Shanghai, 1st May, 1882. |831 THIS DAY, of Hongkong, measuring thereon on the June 21, Consolation, British steamer, for RUSSELL & Go. Deputy Chairman-WM. REINERS, Esq. North side 15 feet, on the South side 15 the 22nd of June, 1882, at 3 P.M., FROM LONDON, PENANG AND Banckok. Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. F. D. Sassoon, Esq. M. E. Sassoon, Esq. at the Premises, feet, on the East side 33 feet, and on the June 21, BRAMBLETYE, British ship, for San SINGAPORE. All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situate West side 31 feet, which is registered in the Hon. F. B. Johnson. A. P. McEwoo, Esq. TO BE LET OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. THE Steamship W. S. Young, Paq. at Victoria, Hougkong, measuring on the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 554. A. McIver, Esq. CHIEF MANAGER. STRATH ORE." C. Vincent Smith, Eaq. North 60 feet, on the South 61 feet 9 inches. The Premises are held under a Crown Lesse for · FOR SHANGHAI, VIA AMOY. Captain Rowell, having arrived from the TO LET. on the East 117 feet I inch, and on the the term of 999 years from the 16th day of LIOUR AND SIX ROOM HOUSES in Hongkong-THOMAS JACKSON, Esq., above Ports, Consiguess of Cargo are hereby [Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates PASSENGERS. West 126 feet 3 inches which said Piece or November, 1857, at the low Annual Crown requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIENTSIN, MANAGER. Richmond Terrace, Ponham Road, Kent Parcel of GROUND is registered in the Rent of £1.14.10. HANKOW, and PORTS on the YANGTSZE). Shanghai-Ewen Camenon, Esq. Undersigned for countersignature and to take \$50 and \$65, monthly Land Office as SECTION A of MARINE Per Lucries, str., from Liverpool and Sings- London Bankers-London & County Bank. immediate delivery of their Goods from along- ITHE Company's Steamship Apply All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situate. LOT No. 9.25. HONGKONG DISPENSARY. pore,-Dr. Morrison, and 246 Chinese. 11188 The Premises are held from the Crown for the HONGKONG-INTEREST ALLOWED. lying, and being at Victoria, in the Inland Cargo impeding the discharge of the steamer. Hongkong, 21st June, 18:2. Per Strathmore, str., from, Singapore. -280 " LAERTES." On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of residue of the term of 999 years, subject to of Hongkong, measuring thereon on the Captain Scale, will be despatched at Four P:M. will be at once landed and stored at Consignoes' an apportioned rental of \$130.57 per annum, and will be sold subject to the existing 2 per cent, per Annum on the daily balance. North side 15 feet, on the South side 15 risk and expense and no Fire Insurance will be. TO LET. TO MORROW, the 23rd instant. feet, on the East side St feet and on the On Fixed Deposits :--DEPARTED. (With Immediate Possession.) For Freight or Passage, apply to For 3 months 3 per Cent. per Annum. West side 30 feet, which is registered in the tenancies and lettings thereof. Optional-Cargo will be forwarded on to Yoko-Per Kwangtung, str., for Swatow.-Mr. John BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. THE New FANILY RE-IDENCE situate For 6 months 4 per Cent, per Annum. Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 555. For Further Particulars and Conditions of Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. hama unless notice to the centrary be given For 12 months 5 per Cent. per Annum. next to Excelsior on Robinson Road, re-The Premises are held under a Crown Lease for Per Yangtere, str., for Shanghai. - Mrs. Nazer Sale, apply to before NOON TO-DAY, the 22nd instant. J. M. ARMSTRONG. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. plote with every convenience, Tennis Lawn the term of 999 years from the 16th day o LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED. All claims against the steamer must be prechild, and amah. CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and Auctioneer, November, 1857, at the low Annual Crown Stabling, &c. sented to the undersigned on or before the 1st FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL. every description of Banking and Exchange Rental of £1.13.1. Also. July, or they will not be recognised. Per Brindisi, str., for Singapore. From 3 First-class GODOWNS of all sizes - Water-BRERETON & WOTTON, THE Company's Steamship business transacted. The above Premises are sold subject to the RUSSELL & Co., Hongkong. - Mesers. E. H. M. Gower, John DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief side. Inspection is invited. Solicitors, 29, Queen's Road. existing tenancies and lettings thereof. Griffithe and S. Rilay. From Shanghai .- Messrs. commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Hongkong, 13th June, 1882. "ANTENOR." For Further Particulars and Conditions of Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. Dansaberg and J. Bell. For Venice.-Mesers. Captain Bragg, will be despatched on or about SHARP, TOLLER, AND JOHNSON. America, Chins and Japan. Sale, apply to R. L. Starkey and W. Canco. For London .-PUBLIC AUCTION. T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 15th June, 1882. the 3rd July. J. M. ARMSTRONG, NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. Mrs. L. M. King. From Nagasaki. - For Singa-For Freight or Passage, apply to-Offices of the Corporation, Austioneer, THE Undersigned has received instructions pore. - Mr. J. Xavier. For Bombay. - Mr. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. No. 1; Queen's Road East, TO LET. STEAMSHIP "NIIGATA MARU," Monier. For London,-Messrs. F. A. Potter from the blongeager to Sell by Public Possession on 15th July Next. Hongkong, 21st June, 1882. Hongkong, 22nd March, 1882; BRERETON & WOTTON, ---FROM ROBE AND NAGASAKI. and R. H. R. Bloxam. Solicitors for the Mortgagees. TO-MORROW. THE CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY. THE COMMODIOUS HOUSE, with large 29, Queen's Road, COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above Vesse the 23rd day of June, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the Compound and a Chiuese House attach-LIMITED. Hongkong, . are heraby requested to send in their Bills REPORTS. ed, No. 33, Pottinger Street. Premises. Hongkong, 20th June, 1882. Incorporated 7th an 1 13th March, 1848 NOTICE. All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situate Lading for Countersignature, and to take im-The British steamor Lacries reports aleft mediate delivery of their Goods from alongside. at Victoria, Hongkong, measuring on the E. R. BELILIOS. Liverpool via Singapore, and had fine weather Recognised by the International Convention of Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Com-North on a Public Road 38 feet, on the TY ELLY AND WALSH'S Hongkong, 1st June, 1882. pany will be CLOSED from the 25th to throughout. 30th April, 1862. South 38 feet, on the East 37 feet, and on on board after TUESDAY, the 20th June 1882, will be landed and stored at Consigness' the 30th instant, both days inclusive. The British steamer Strathmore reports had CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP £3,200,000. TO LET. the West side 37 feet; which said Piece or NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS. By Order of the Board of Directors, COMMODIOUS OFFICES and COMPRA. Percel of GROUND is registered in the light Southerly winds with fine weather RESERVE FUND expense and risk. D. McLAURIN. DOR'S QUARTERS, &c., with or with-No Fire Insurance will be effected. Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 235. Australian Hand Book and Importer's throughout the passage. out GODOWNS, in Peddar's Wharf Buildings, Acting Secretary. HEAD OFFICE-14, RUE BERGERE, PARIS H. J. H. TRIPP, Together with the 3 HOUSES erected and Shipper's Directory, 1882 \$ 4.00 Hongkong, 22nd June, 1882. at present in the coonpation of Messes. HESSE thereon, Nos. 10, 12 and 14, East Street, AGENCIES AND BRANCHES AT: Van Buren's Labour and Porcelain in VESSELS ARRIVED IN EUROPE PROM PORTS & Co. View of the Harbour. Possession to be Mitsu Bishi Mail Steamship Co. (Lascar Row, Taipingshan.) BOMBAY, SAN FRANCISCO. NOTICE: IN CHINA, JAPAN, AND MARILA. Hongkong, 19th June, 1882. LONDON The Premises are held from the Crown forthe had from the lat Mey next. Japan -- coloured photos HONGKONG, CALCUTTA residue of the term of 999 years from the MARSEILLES, Wallace's Geographical Distribution of In the matter of the Estate of NELSON (Per last Mail's Advice). Apply to STEAMSHIP "SINDH," SHANGHAL HANKOW, G. R. LAMMERT 17th June, 1868. BellerophonShanghaiApril 23 Animals-2 vols. 14.00 SPRATT, Deceased. MELBOURKE, FOOCHOW, For Further Particulars and Conditions of Horgkong, 6th April, 1882. NANTES. Lotheir Manila May Bowes' Japanese Marks and Seals..... 14.00 COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES SYDNEY. YOROHAMA. NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors BOURBON, alc, apply to and other Persons baving any CLAIMS Chas. Dioken's Birthday Book MARTTIMES. J. M. GUEDES, TO LET. LONDON BANKERS or DEMANDS upon or against the Estate of Napier's Peninsular War-6 vols...... 10.00 VESERLS EXPECTED AT HONGKONG. Immediate Possession. Austioneer. THE BANK OF ENGLAND. NOTICE. (Corrected to Date). NELSON SPRATT, late of the City of New Denton's House Sanitation THE UNION BANK OF LONDON. DARSEE VILLA, with GARDEN, Robin-DRERETON & WOTTON. Aydon Forest, Hamburg Dec. 24 York, in the United States of America, who died Messis, C. J. Hanbro & Son. Herbert Spencer's Political Institutions CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamshi in New York aforesaid on or about the 24th day son Road. Solicitors for the Mortgages "EUPHRATES." of April, 1873, and whose Will was duly proved 1139 Sidney's Book of the Horse...... 10.50 Hongkong, 14th June, 1882. The Honkgong Agency receives Fixed Deposits ... Cardiff ... Apply to. Lima from London, in connection with the abo C. L. GORHAM, by and Probate thereof duly granted to WILon Terms to be ascertained on application, grants ValenciaLiverpool. Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods LIAM BOLTON SPRATT, of Victoria in the Pacific Mail Office. PUBLIC AUCTION. Drafts and Credits on all parts of the world, Liverpool are being landed and stored at their risks at the KELLY & WALSH have received a densign-Island of Hongkong, one of the Executors named in the said Will, by the Supreme Court Hongkong, 20th May, 1882. and transatts every description of Banking Ex-THE Undersigned will Sell by Public Aug-Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be ment of Jean Vincent Bully's pelebrated ... PenarthJau.: 27 change Business. Laparkshire obtained ramediately after landing. of Hongkong in its Probate Jurisdiction on the TO LET, F. COCHINARD, Sunderland Geo. Watson Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless Possession on let June Next, SATURDAY, TOILET VINEGAR 15th day of June, 1882, are hereby required to Jan. 30 Agent, Hongkong. Tetuan London ... intimation is received from the Consigness bethe 24th June, 1882, at 3 P M., on the Premises, send in writing the Particulars of their Claims 9th February, 1882. In cases of 1 dozen Bottles \$6.00 THE FIRST FLOOR, West side, P. Simson fore NINE AM., TO-DAY, requesting it to be by Order of the Mortgages, or Demands to the said WILLIAM BOLTON Feb. 12 Live pool "MARINE HOUSE," No. 15, Queen's All those Pieces or Parcels of GROUND Re-Barcelona do. dozen SPEATT or to the Undersigned on or before the anded here. TOTICE is hereby given that on all DOCT Penarth Road, now in the occupation of Messra. Wilson gistered in the Land Office as Sections Single Bottle..... Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the 19th day of July, next. And Notice is hereby P. J. Carleton Cardiff MENTARY BILLS delivered to the A. B and C of INLAND LOT No. 800. Undersigned. also given that, at the expiration of the last RELLY & WALSH, HONGKONG. Emblem......Cardiff Undersigned BANKS on or after 1st July; Together with the Nine HOUSES erected Goods remaining unclaimed after FRIDAY. mentioned day, the said WILLIAM BOLTON Loudoun Castle....London 1882, the rate of Discount, not exceeding Five E. R. BELILIOS. the 23rd of June, at Noon, will be subject to therson, Nos. 26, 28, 30 and 50A, in Battery DRITISH NORTH BORNEO SPRATT will proceed to distribute the Assets of Douglas Castle ... Cardiff per cent per annum, which will be allowed to Hongkong, 17th May, 1882. Road, and Nos. 111, 113, 115, 117 and 119, the said NELSON SPRATT am ngst the parties. cent and landing charges. Ethel Caine Sunderland Mor.
Patrician London Mar. the Drawees or Acceptors, on retiring the COMPANY'S No Fire Insurance has been effected. entitled therete having regard to the Claims of Second Street. Bills before maturity, will be as follows :-EMIGRATION AGENCY, The Premises are held for the residue of the G. DE CHAMPEAUX which the said WILLIAM BOLTON SPRATT may Cardiff TOS. 2 and 4, PEDDAR'S HILL. term of 999 years from the 20th April, 18 i3. then have had notice, and that the said WIL-At One-Half per cent per annum above the Agent. MESSES. BIRLEY & Co.'s OFFICES, Espana Liverpool " No. 4. SEYMOUR TERRACE." For Further Particulars and Conditions of Hongkong, 17th June, 1882. LIAM BOLTON SPRATT will not be liable for the advertised rate of Interest for short deposits Wills S. Thayer Cardiff " No. 9, LEYMOUR TERRACE." QUEEN'S ROAD. Assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to allowed by the leading London Joint Stock Sale, apply to London "BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS. . J. M. GUEDES suy Person of whose Claim the said WILLIAM Banks, if the bills are taken up in Great Britain. Hongkong, 20th June, 1882. DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Golf of Panama ... Greenock Auctioneer, BOLTON SPRATT shall not bave had notice at NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. Peparth Hongkong, 4th May, 1882. At the Current Minimum rate of Discount of CHINESE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT the time of the distribution. All Persons in-Greencok Oraigendarroch. BRERETON & WOTTON. the National Banks of France, Italy, Belgium DOOMS TO LET. BILVER LOAN, 1881. debted to the Estate arealso required to make FROM GLASGOW, SINGAPORE AND London Laertes and Germany, respectively, if taken up in either immediate payment to the said WILLIAM BOL-Solicitors for the Mertgages. Liverpool MANILA. THE INTEREST due on the above LOAN Cicero Hongkong, 14th June, 1882. TON SPRATT or to the Undersigned. of whose Countries. to the 16th Jone, 1882, will be paid at ITHE Steamship Pennyth. Patrician Dated the 22nd day of June, 1882. No. 10, Queen's Road Central. Cardiff "BENALDER At the Current rate of rebate for Doonthe Head Office and Branches of the Corpora-PUBLIC AUCTION. BREREION & WOTTON, Harvie, Commander, having arrived from the Hongkong, 24th April, 1882. London mentary Bills, if taken up in Switzerland or Melbrekt. tion, on presentation of the Bonns, on and above Ports, Consignees, of Cargo are hereby in-Solicitors. London THE Undersigned has received instructions Leander after the 16th instant. the United States. 29. Queen's Rond, TO LET. Penarth formed that their Goods, with the exception of from the SECURED MORTGAGEE to Sell For the Hongkong and Shanghai loget NTO. 2, LOWER MOSQUE TERRACE. Opium, are being landed at their risk into the [1191] Godowns of the Undersigned, whence of from Hongkoug. At the Corrent rate of rebate allowed by the Penarth. by Public Auction, on Banking Corporation. Exchange Banks, if taken up at any place East Liondon Agonts issuing the Loan, SATURDAY, CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY J. M. ARMSTRONG. the Wharves or Boats delivery may be obtained. Penarth 1604 the let day of July, 1882, at 3 P.M., on the T. JACKSON. Hongkong, 29th March, 1882. Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless LIMITED. Nearchus Penarth For the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 16th June, 1882. [1156 notice to the contrary be given before FIVE PRANITE GODOWNS TO LET. Autenor (s.) Interpool Subject to an INDENTURE of MORTGAGE dated DEBENTURE LOAN FOR \$300,000. P.M., TO-DAY. Loudon. Marina .. the 22nd day of September, 1879, for the pro Manager. COUPONS for ENTEREST falling due on Greenook No Claims will be admitted after the Goods-McAllister (s:) For the CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF sum of \$50.000 and interest due thereon. Apply to have left the Godowne; and all Goods remaining Glenfalloch (s.) Londou 30th June, 1882, will be paid on presenta-All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situate INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA, Messrs, SHARP & Co. A N. EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL after the 25th instant will be subject to rent. Cardiff May JOHN THURBURN, at Victoria, Hongkong, registered in the tion at the Office of the Hongkong and Shang-Hongkong, 7th March, 1882. MEETING of the MEMBERS of the ... Cardiff No Fire Insurance has been effected. Guiding Star. Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 65. hal Banking Corporation, Hongkong, on and BONGKONG CLUB is hereby convened to Khedive (s.) ... London An average Bond will be sent for signature ofJune For the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS. Together with the 4 SUBSTANTIALLY after that date. TO LET. take place at the CLUB HOUSE on MONDAY, ROOMS in CLUB CHAMBERS. BUILT HOU-ES known as the Blue Consignees. TRALIA, AND CHINA, JARDINE MATHESON & Co., the 26th instant, at 3.30 p.m. A Notice stating Bills of Linding will be countersigned by Buildings, and 4 Large Granite GO. WILLIAM FORREST General Agents. AUCTION SALES TO-DAY. the object of the Meeting is posted in the Hall DOWNS on the Prays, with 17 HOUSES GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Hongkong, 20th June, 1982. Manager. Apply to of the Club. For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING in Queen's Road, Eust. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. By Order of the General Committee Monthly Rental for the above Houses \$1,025 Hongkong, 15th June, 1882. FIRST DRAWING. J. M. GUEDES CORPORATION. Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. EDWARD BEART, The Premises are held for the residue of the Household Furniture, &c. G. E. NOBLE THE CHINA SUGAR REFINING term of 980 years created by a Crown Leaso Secretary. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. pre Chief Manager. At2PM TONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS Hongkong, 19th June, 1882. COMPANY, LIMITED. For the COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS, dated the lath day of July, 1863. MONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are I. M. ARMSTRONG. F. COCHINARD, For Further Particulars and Conditions of Goods received on STORAGE at Moderate requested to send in their Bills of Lading HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS NOTICE is hereby given, that in conformity Valuable Property. Rates, in First-class Godowns. Sale, apply to to the undersigned for countersignature, and COMPANY, LIMITED. with the Conditions under which the At SP.M. Hongkong, 9th-May, 1882. J. M. GUEDES. take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been DEBENTURES of the above Company were THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this COM-Entire GODOWNS to be LET. Auctioneer, issued, the following Numbers of Debentures to landed and stored at their risk and expense. MEYER & Co. PANY will be closed from the 24th inst. No Fire Insurance has been effected. be Paid off in Hongkong on the 30th day of FOR SALE; JUST RECEIVED. E. CASSUMBHOY. BRERETON & WOTTON. until the lat proximo, both days included. June instant, when the INTEREST thereon will Ex "IRACARDDY" Solicitors for the Mortgages. TURNITURE WAREHOUSE. DEAL SCHIEDAMSOHE JENEYER G B 1 Case Conserves, Order from Saigon. A NEWTON, Cease to be payable, were this day DRAWN Hongkong, 16th June, 1882. at the Office of Messia. JARDINE, MATHESON G. DE CHAMPEAUX, -Nos. 9, 11, 12, 13, and 14, PRINE QUALITY IN STONE BOTTLES Manager. NOTICE TO MARINERS. AROMATIC HOLLANDS TONIC. & Co., Hongkong, General Agents of the Com-BEACONSFIELD ABOADE, Hongkong, 19th June, 1882; Agent. PUBLIC AUCTION. pany, in the presence of the undersigned Notary. Opposite the City Hall. CANTON DISTRICT. AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY. THE Undersigned has received instructions NUMBERS OF DEBENTURES DRAWN ARE: Houses or Rooms Fuenished Throughout POMERANZEN BITTERS. NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, SYDNEY AND I from the MORIGAGERS to Sell by Public ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE, Nos. Nos. Nos. Nos. Nos. Nos. BREECH LOADING GUNS, RIFLES FURNITURE, PIANOS, &c. Hongkong. 199 307 REVOLVERS CARTRIDGES and SHOTS TOTICE is hereby given that the CENTER 546 582 FOR SALE OR HIRE. IN THE SUPREME COURT OF Dopot for the BEACON of the TAI-SHEE BARRIER J. F. SCHEFFER, - 340 341 421 240 . 3 A GOOD SELECTION OF BOOKS. the 3rd July, 1882, at 3 P.M., at the Promises,-HONGKONG. BEACONS has been carried away, and will-be WORLD'S PATENTED ARTICLES. Nos. 21 and 23. Pottinger Street. Some Choice Original Oil Paintings and Water 438 520 150 99 343 818 861 All that Portion of a Piece or Parcel of MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD, Hongkong, 1st June, 1882. Colours: Chromos, Engrayings, &c. replaced as soon as possible. IN BANKRUPTCY. GROUND registered in the Land Office as HONGKONG, F. E. WOODRUFF, A few Pieces of Genoine Old Porcelain MARINE LOT No. 88, situate, lying, and TMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF NO. TOTICE.—NG TING SHAN, formerly of TOVELTIES, TOYS, YANKEE NO. No. 50, Wing Lok Street, Victoria, in 392 356 ILLIAM DOLAN Commissioner of Customs, and other Ware. being at Victoria, in the Island of Hong. CHINESE AND JAPANESE CURIOS. J. H. C. GUNTHER, kong, measuring on the North side 31 feet TIONS, CLOCKS, WATCHES, the Colony of Hongkong, Trader, trading there SAIL-MAKER & SHIP-CHANDLER, Harbour Master. Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. 522 4 inches more or lass, on the South side 31 JEWELLERY, CUTLERY, STATIONERY, in Cotton Yarn in Copartnership with KWOK 22. PRATA CENTRAL. Custom House. feet 4 inches, on the East side 139 feet GLASS. WARE, ELECTRO-PLATED T'80 UT as HIM TAI, having been adjudged Canton, 15th June, 1882. inches more or less and on the West 139 OSEPH GILLOTT GOODS, ARTICLES of USEFUL INVEN-Bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of 526 COTTON DUCKS. HEMP CANYAS feet more or less, which said Piece or Parcel TION, ORGANS, PATENT ORGANITTES, Bankruptcy filed in the Supreme Court of MANILA ROPE. AMERICAN OAKUM, STEEL PENS. of GROUND is registered in the Land FOR SALE, CHEAP. RUBBER GOODS, AMERICAN TRUNKS, Hongkoug, in Bankruptov, on the 15th day 431 466 LIFE BUOYS, CORK JACKETS, 528 Office as the REMAINING PORTION of TWO New Gunboat's BOILERS, 20 H.P. each of May, 1882, A FIRST MEETING of his GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878, &a., &c., &c. INLAND LOT No. 88. - Together with 5 2 270 I nominal; 1-10 H.P. VERTICAL BOILER Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. CREDITORS will be held before EDWARD the SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT PRE. GENERAL PURCHASING AGENTS FOR EVERY with a pair of Eugines, and Gear attached for JAMES ACKROYD, Esquire, the Registrar of 222 Sold by all Stationers and Dealers. [910] THE Undersigned have been appointed Sole working Silk or Cotton gins; 1 Double Cylin. DESCRIPTION OF AMERICAN GOODS. MISES thereon known as Nos. 16 and 18. the said Court, at the Supreme Court House, 146 269 203 Agents for the Sale of their Goods in DER DONKEY ENGINE, 4 Small BOILERS Bonham Strand West, Viotoria, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the Hongkong and China by Masses, J. & R. TEN. 2 STEAM WINGRES, 2 LAUNCH'S ENGINES, BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE. NOTICE The Premises are held under a Crown Lease for 28th day of June, 1882, at Noon of that day, B. B. LEWIS, HE Undersigned has all kinds of House MENT, Glasgow, and Messrs. DAVID CORSAR & I CENTRIFUCAL PUMP capable of lifting 4,000 the term of 959 years commencing from the precisely. For the Manager. 27th day of September, 1854. gallons of water per minute; 2 STEAN PUMPS, 1 The said EDWARD JAMES ACKROYD, Esquire, and SHIP COAL for sale in large and small | Sons, Arbroath. Hongkong, 17th June, 1882. CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY LIMITED CRABWINGH, I JIH CRANE, 1 TURNING LATHE, The above Premises are sold subject to the ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. is the Official Assignee, and the Undersigned quantities. Also several Strong and Commodious JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., existing topancies and lettings thereof. 127 2 BISCUIT MACHINES, 1 COPPER COOKING Hongkong, January, 1867. GERMAN WOMAN wishes a place as are the Solicitors in the Bankruptoy. SMALL STEAMERS on hire for towing pur-. General Agents. For Further Particulars and Conditions of APPARATUS and CONDENSER: 3 COOKING A Public Sitting will hereafter be appointed peses, excursions, &d., &c. at extremely moderate rates. Apply to
HING LEE, 87, Tung Max Lane. A NURSERY GOVERNESS. Countersigned, ALGAR AND COMPANY BANGES, & BULLIVANT'S PATENT 42 Inchi by the said Court for the said Bankrupt to pass Address "L. D." | Daily Press Office. WILLIAM WOTTON, J. M. ARMSTRONG, FLEXIBLE STEEL HAWSER, mounted on a HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS, 1154 his final examination and to make application Notary Public, Hongkong, 16th June, 1882, Patent Reel; 2 DECK FORCE PUMPS: 36 IRON Anotioneer. for his discharge, of which sitting notice will be RENTS COLLECTED. Hongkong, 4th March, 1882. 29. QUEEN'S ROAD, AXLETEEER. A quantity of Chain Cable, FRENCH LADY residing in Hongkong | given in the Hongkong Government Gazette. BROWN, JONES & CO., HONGKONG. BREEFTON & WOPTON. in sizes from & to 21 Inch. At the First Meeting of Creditors the Regis-UNDERTAKERS. Hongkong, 18th June, 1882. FONG. For Particulars, apply to in teaching, having a few hours dissugaged, trar will receive the proofs of the debts of the Solicitors for the Martgagees, MOURNING STATIONERY, &c., J. M. ARMSTRONG. PHOTOGRAPHER 29 Queen's Road. wishes to give lessons in French and Music to Creditors and the Creditors who shall have THE CHINA SUGAR REFINING MONUMENTS ERECTED. S. QUEEN'S ROAD FAST, (29 1683) Austloneer, Queen's Road. Hongkong, Ludies and Children, at their residence at the proved their debts respectively or the majority COMPANY, LIMITED. By Appointment to H.E. Sir ARTHUR KEN. MEDY, H.E. Admiral Ryper, and H.L.H. The longkong, 20th June, 1882. in value of the said Creditors are hereby directoak or in Town. THE DEBENTURES falling due on the For Further Particulars apply to the Office ed to choose at such meeting an Assignoe or GRAND DURE ALEXIS OF RUSSIA, having to | TOHN BALLEY WHITE & BROTHER'S FOR BALE. 30th day of June, 1882, of the above Comturned from his tour to Peking and the Northern Assignees of the Eankrupt's Estate and Effects.

of this Peper to the Initials-8. C.

or family, or to take charge of children.

FOR SYDNEY OR MELBOURNE.

LADY roturning by an early steamer is

Mrs. SEARLE,

willing to not as NURSE to an Invalid

Honglong, 9th June, 1882

Apply to

TOR nearly half a century our Brand has

tion to our present Stocks in the Godowns of

Mosars. JAEDINE, MATHEBON & Co., and Massrs.

Stemeson & Co. They comprise our well known

and superior COGNAO, PALE DRY SHERRY.

INVALUE PORT, CLARETS of several quali-

nothing common or interior.

tion. Prices consistent with quality. We ship

CHITCHE PALMER & Co.

been consigned to China. We call atten-

[1102] to be palled the Creditors' Assignee or Assignees.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1882.

Mrs. SEARLE, DR. BUCKLE attends Ships daily Temperance Hall. Pronohama Bar. Carl Frag F. 199 May, 1882

1176] Bolleitors in the Matter.

TO CAPTAINS OF SHIPS BOUND

TO JAPAN,

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON,

NOTICE.

WATSON AND CO FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

By Appointment to His Excellency the Governor and his Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS.

PERFUMBES. PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS. DRUGGISTS' SUNDRYMEN,

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED. PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

AERATED WATER MAKERS

Norice.-To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be subtressed to the Firm, A. S. WATSON and Co., or HONGKONG DISPENSARY. [28

Hongkong, June 22nd, 1882.

According to strict moralists there is in every conceivable case a clearly definable right and wrong. A man may choose which he likes, and must abide by the consequences of his choice. Such acreed gives us thoroughgoing, uncompromising saints and sinners. with an abundance of intolerance, bigotry, and persecution. In opposition to the pre- by the British steamer Pernambuse and the tensions of this creed may be cited the *difficulty which has in all times been felt by man in deciding, when placed in unusual circumstances, which is the right and which the wrong. The two are so inextricably mixed up together, that when a person finds himself in this unfortunate dilemma his only course is to call in the aid of his reason to point out the course which will entail the October last year while that gentleman was releast amount of evil. A right-minded man cannot stand idle in the world, he must act world in order to shun avil flees also from right and duty. Nations are in many respects subject to the same rules of conduct as individuals. A great nation has a mission to fulfil in the world. In following out this mission to the best of its ability, circumstances may and arise in which it is not easy to say what course ought to be adopted, having regard to the dictates of morality. rule, however, their conduct is decided by self-interest, but in proportion as the nation is enlightened and just will its view of self-interest, tempered by its sense of duty, lead it to decide on the course which will be most beneficial not only to itself, but to its neighbours, and to the world at large. No one will deny the advantages of British rule in India, as contrasted with the grinding tyranny of the native princes and the internecine wars which it succeeded. That a nation on one side of the world should assume to itself the government of a country, land against a rising. numerically far greater, at the other side of the world, seems prima facie most unjust. A THE BANDMANN COMBINATION AT succession of events; however, have irresistibly compelled England to this course, and the good which has attended it tremendously outweighs whatever of evil there may have been. So also in judging of the conduct of the French in Cochin-China we must have regard to the circumstances of the French colony and those of its neighbours. We do not claim for the French that they are influenced by other motives than those of selftaken, but the inquiry may very profitably be made whether in pursuing their. own interest they are not also benefiting others. In the Japan Weskly Mail of the 3rd instant there is an article condemning in the strongest terms the conduct of the French "in Annam," to use our contemred to as "such an invasion and seizure of blood was shed, which might possibly have of the defenders of the citadel were killed. The loss of life is to be regretted. In atmorality of the policy of the French, however, If it be granted that the policy was a right one, the military carried it out with unnecessary righteous policy might be carried out with a considerable regard to the dictates of mercy. to an inquiry as to the morality of the policy. of invasion and seizure of peaceful territory, are unaware," says our contemporary, "that "any offence had been offered by the Au-"namites to their French neighbours. There been growing up into wemanhood. "have been exaggerated and probably dis-"seem to have formed the sole excuse for the old military servant of Count de Mouri-"French aggression. But, oven if Annam "mensions before one has a right to onter it. These lines seem to indicate that our contem-

"right to enter it," but England has never

slavers and liberated the living cargo. - This

"row in one's neighbour's house."

of Aunam, whereas it is, in fact, a conand for a long time part has been unable to govern Tonquin in any. was strong the people were ground down to mands of the Court of Hué and the rapacity A naturally fertile and rich country was the vent of the French will be followed by a settled Government, and the people will enjoy tion and oppression. Annum loses that to conquest; and lonquin changes a bad master enne's maid. for a good one. Peace and plenty will be found in the place of oppression and wretchedness. The advantage to the French will be that their influence and commerce will be extended. Probably in the course of years events will force upon them a more strict control of the affairs of Annam itself, and when Annam. If, however, led on only by greed of territory they attempt to force events too quickly, it is very possible they may come to grief, but so far as they have gone they deserve the thanks rather than the reprobation of the world.

Telegrams for Bangkok can go forward mail closing at Singapore at 3 p.m. to-day.

The two next direct steamers, with Indian for this port yesterday morning.

The Japanese steamer Niigata Maru and the British steamer Canton will leave the Cosmono. litan and Kowloon Docks respectively to-day. and their respective places there will be taken Annamese steamer Ly Tay.

David Campbell, third engineer of the British steamer Ashington, was brought up before Capt. H. G. Thomsett, R.N., sitting as Marine Magistrate, on a charge of leaving his ship on the 18th instant and not returning on board again. He was ordered to forfeit four days' pay.

Fu Afan, formerly a house coolie to Dr. Adams, was arrested the other day on a charge of attempting to break onen Dr. Adams' safe in siding at the Peak and the coolie left in charge of the house in Caine-read. He was caught in flagrante delicto by the watchman but managed his part; the anchorite who flies from the to get loose and run away from the Colony. He

> We note by Australian papers received yesterday, that on the 10th nit, at Sandgate, Queensland, on the occasion of the opening of the Sandgate railway. Sir Arthur Kennedy, in reply to an address said that he had risen from a sick bed, suffering from asthma, in order to be present. At the banquet held subsequently Governor Kennedy stated he had served the Queen 54 years. and would remain in Queensland another year, at the end of which he would retire into private life, unless the Queen required his further services. He should never forget Queensland.

LATEST TELEGRAMS SUPPLIED TO THE "DAILY PRESS."

PER MANTERN EXTENSION, AUSTRALASIA, AND CHINA TELEGRAPH COMPANT'S LINE.

LONDON, 20th June. ALARM AT ISMAILIA There is alarm at Ismailia, as the Bedouing are prowling along the banks of the Sues Canal, ANTICIPATED RISING IN IRELAND.

Military precautions are being taken in Ire-

THE THEATRE ROYAL. played Tom Taylor's romantic drama "Dead or been adjourned from Monday. A counterplot on which the play is founded is rather a that the complainant's allegation as to having powerful one and, as it has not been produced engaged a passage on board the P. & O. steamer. here before, we give the following sketch of it. Brindisi was untrue, that in place of having nine de Mourienne, Colonel of Cuirassiers, is looking Australiandramatic season commenced in August, forwards with the greatest excitement and delight and finished in January, and that Mr. Bands to the approaching action. His wife, Madame | mann's expenses here did not amount to \$100 de Mourienne, on the other hand, is always full per day. Mr. Bandmann re-affirmed his former of misgivings on the eve of a battle: but on this statement interest in the action they have recently occasion is somewhat assured, as she has been His Lordship, addressing Mr. Mackean, ex-An order from Napoleon is received during the various extracts from the Ordinance bearing course of the afternoon, making the appointment, upon the matter, which all seemed to him to shouls and violent currents, and it was therebittered, he is giving vent to his danger, when clear days before the opening day of the Criminal implicitly obey all orders. It would be shown that the Duc de Laval, an unsuccessful suitor, and Sessions, and not the actual day of hearing. still secretly in love with Madama de Mourienne. spears on the scene. He, only too anxious to by the schedule was only intended as the usual porary's words, in Tonquin, more properly put the Count out of the way, by fair means form, but it did not prevent them serving a speaking. The recent expedition is refer. or foul, preposes to help him out of his sei notice upon the defendant to prepare for trial had called, being all coloured, should sympathise disant misfortune by going himself to Berlin, five days afterwards. provided the Count obtains the permission of His Lordship expressed a desire to hear the "peaceful territory as has had no pre- the Emperer. Of course the Dake is specu- Attorney-General upon the subject. "cedent in all the bloody annals of lating on the chance of some bullet finding | The Attorney-General said he believed it had its billot, and giving Mourisons his quietus been the practice here, and a very con-"annexation." It is true that in the in the action. Mourienne hurries off to the venient practice, to regard the provisions seizure of the citadel at Hanoi some Emperer, and obtains his sanction to the ex- of the statute rather as directions. It had change. The act closes by an affectionate been customary, when it was convenient, to adien between husband and wife. The Battle proceed to trial, and inconvenience was not esbeen spared had the operations been more of Austerlitz is fought next day. During tablished, while a session was going on, to file an advisedly conducted. Some three hundred one of the charges the Count, at the head, of information, and serve upon the defendant notice, his outrassiers, is struck down by a couple of giving him five days, and fixing a day for trial: Austrians; and in the wild meles that follows He thought his Lordship would see that the bis men pass over him, and he lies insensible and form made was in no sense binding. The form tempting to arrive at an opinion of the bleeding on the ground. After the battle, the was not the form required for the trial. The Anthony Andrews, seaman of the Stillwater, 31, in default seven days' hard labour. surgeons, too busy to make a careful examination. words of the schedule and of the notice given in think that Mourisune is dead, and he is buried this care were not the same. the errors of the military commanders can harriedly and carelessly, with a scant covering of hardly be regarded as affecting the question. mother carth, which fortunately, as the event same. proves, is not sufficient to prevent the air coming through. The frost congeals the blood, and in it is at the same time easily conceivable that this way stanches his wound. At last he revives; and has just strength enough to free himself from his deed companions buried along with him, severity, just as in the converse case an un- when he again becomes insensible. When in this state, he is taken to the Hospital at Brunn, where, after a long and tedions illness, he finally recovers. He now wishes to establish his object could be obtained by adjourning the sec-Leaving out of consideration, therefore, the identity, in order to lay claim to his title and sions, and he thought the Ordinance provided military question, we will confine ourselves possessions, but everywhere his story is disbe- that five clear days' notice must be given before lieved, and is looked upon as the hallucinations of the opining of the Sessions. a madman, Napoleon havin, reported him as killed According to the Japan Mail it is one at Austerlits. Persisting in the establishment of his claims, he as a consequence spends eighteen weary year, a same man among madmen, in the prepared. "organized fillibustering outrage." "We burg. During this interval, the Duke de Laval to call two witnesses from Shanghai. has snoceeded in marrying Madame de Mourienne. who dies after a short, unhappy union. During the same time Melainie de Mourisme, has also The second act is laid in the office of Mr. application. Marbois, a lawyer. Simlopen, the errand boy

onne. Returning from the post, the youngster brings the letters, in his father's kuspsack-"were distracted, the row in one's neigh- the paternal inheritance as he calls it-good old "bour's house must have assumed dire di. Sergeant Bancalle having died fighting for France and the Emperor at Jens. The corres- Stillwater, and John Cox, mate of the same vespondence is chiefly intended for the Dake de sel, surrendered to their bail upon a charge of way is one of the physicians at the lunatio were also charged with a similar offence with porary is only imperfectly acqueinted with the asylum of Charenton, receives quite a budget of regard to Joseph Harrington, a seaman of the history of Annam and Tonquin. True, "the papers as the heir of Dr. Sparkmann, formerly came ship, on the 4th April. "row in one's neighbour's house must have them is a duly verified declaration of the wonder- lay) appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Mackeau, "assumed dire dimensions before one has a ful resuscitation of Count de Mourieme at Britan. Instructed by Messra. Brereton and Wotton, for not triced up as high as stated, but they had a prisoner further said that when he was at Mo-Laval, who is present when the budget is opened, the defences thought she was acting the part of the part of the particular paper from the rest when Dr. Feld. case .- Mours. J. R. Gomes, jun., C. H. Drude, Frederick Davidson, by tyrant when her ships of war chased down hein, a favoured admirer of Melainte de Mou- F. W. Henermann, C. W. Biohards, F. O. also gave evidence to the affair, and he correspond his defence and was committed for trial rienne, is eccorting this young lady upstairs. Lembke, A. C. More, and E. C. Raye Count de Mourienne next appears, a battered The Attorney-General, in opening the case, said latter was attacked by Hubbard and Dyer. He Court. parallel is, we are aware, rather far-fetched, down, wes begone old man, and appeals to M. the defendants were charged on two counts of separted them several times, and took the along but it is fully as applicable as that of the Marbois for assistance. Marbois arges the want causing actual bodily harm, and assistance about produced from Dyer's hands as he was Some fellow has brought out an opera gives of proof; Mourienne appeals to the papers of the of the oase were that while the steward on the head with it. The which, he thinks, will fill a long-felt want. It Superintendent at Britan : Feldhein's papers are her way to this port, a quarrel areas amongst steward was bleeding profusely from the head. bolds a pint of whisky. But that will not "fill "

were an integral part and natural province Melainie being about to appear on the scene,

had climbod up behind the carriage, had entered against them. Charenton, and had succeeded in speaking to the William Dyer said he was a seaman on board violence which was being used to the steward.

The characters of this drama seem to be well acted with more energy than any of the others | ship

that Herr Bandmann has produced here. The first act seemed to drag a little, and was some- gave corroborative evidence, and stated further what marred by that dreadful baby! That was that after the date of the flogging, the a piece of realism too much for the risibility captain, had him lowered over the side of the bachelordom of Hongkong, and we are into the water, when the ship was going sorry to say that baby's debut was id about seven knots an hour. He was kept there returned, however, a few days ago, and is new consequence very different from the one about half an hour and was in great fear of given to the boy by the rough Miners in being washed out of the bowline. Bret Harte's well known story. The part of Joseph Harrington, one of the complainants, Colonel de Mourienne suited Herr Bandmana's and two other seamen of the Stillwater, gave powers admirably. In the second and third acts | evidence to a similar effect. especially his impersonation of this character was an undoubted success. He well carned the defence at some length. He said that the frequent rounds of applause that greated him | Attorney-General had opened the case to them during the progress of the piece. Miss Beaudet to the effect that the men had been strung up in played her two parts with her usual success and ja ornel manner, and beaten unmercifully, and sang with great taste and feeling the ballad, until the witnesses for the prosecution were crossact. Mr. Ogden made a good Laval and Miss that such had been the case. There was not Ferguson quite a dashing Vivandiere. Mr. much evidence as to unmerciful flogging, and hein, also deserve credit for their careful acting. I be imagined that they had done nothing, but re-When called before the curtain, Herr Bandmann intimated that there would be yet another performance, when he could address a few words to

> his audience by way of farewell. last of the subscription nights.

> > SUPREME COURT

2let June. CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

BEFORE THE HON, GEORGE PRILLIPPO CHIEF JUSTICE.

THE SMITH AND BANDMANN LIBEL CASE. The application of Mr. Mackean, on behalf of Mr. Bandmann, for the fixing of an early Alive" to a small but appreciative audience. The affidavit, filed by the defendant, was read, stating The play opens on the eve of Austerlits. Count actors, Mr. Bandmann had only coven, that the

manouvering, with some success, to get her hus pressed his opinion that due notice of trial had band appointed to a diplomatic mission at Berlin. not been served upon the defendant. He read much to Madame's delight and the Count's clearly set out that it was necessary to serve chagrin. Keenly disappointed and much em- notice of trial upon the defendant in a case five

Mr. Mackean urged that the form set down

His Lordship pointed out that they were the The Attorney-General said ha only anoke of what had been the practice in the court. His Lordship said if Mr. Smith was satisfied

with the notice, well and good. Mr. Swith-I am not satisfied my. Lord : I was called here in the merning at 10 o'clock, and the notice was served on me some hours after that. His Lordship said he did not see that any good Mr. Mackean said he would then apply for an

additional assaions.

The defendant applied to have the matter adbusiness to attend to.

the matter stands over till this morning. THE CHARGE OF ILL-TREATING SEAMEN.

Japan Mail speaks of Tonquin as though it examined and no declaration is to be found, the crew, and upon that being put an end to When the captain came forward, he asked it a long felt want. -- Norvisions Herald,

Marbois tries to persuade Mourisons to retire, were strong up in a barbarous manner and were that Dyer and others were trying to take charge but the latter implores that he may be permitted unmerolfully flogged. In addition to that they of the ship. The captain had a beleving pin quered kingdom. Since the conquest, An- to relie behind a screen and from thence have were struck with a knuckle duster, and a belaying in his hand which he shook at Hubbard, and told has been in a state of decadence, an opportunity of seeing the daughter so long pin, and exposed to other violence. He submit him he should paulsh him, and he then took the ON CONDON. lost to him. She discovers her father there, The ted that from the facts he had stated there from bolt from the steward. The captain was interview that follows is inexpressibly touching: was a prima fucie case for the charge made. He about to take Hubbard and Dyer aft when the The Duke and Feldhein at once recognised thought it was probable his friend elr. Mackean, | chief mate pointed out Harrington as another man thing like a reasonable way. Where she Mourienne, the former as his old rival, the latter who appeared for the defence, would endeavour who had been giving much trouble. The men as a patient well known in Charenton, who is to show that the affair was attended by such were triced up, but not in such a manner, but same in all points rave one, that he is the circumstances as would render this not a crimi- that they could put the whole of their feet upon the most abject poverty to satisfy the de- Count de Mourieurs who was killed and nal case. He would not auticipate what might the deck, and they had not more than three On Paris. buried on the field at Austerlitz. As the hallu- be said in that matter, but he would point out. blows each. cination has again manifested itself in his subject to his Lordship's ruling that with regard | Carl Kegbin, carpenter, George Bunyan, seaof the officials, while the more distant parts claiming Melainie as his daughter, the Duke to the authority as to the force a master was man, and James Read, second mate of the vessel of the country were given up to anarchy. for his own purposes, the doctor out of kindness entitled to use to his grow to maintain his also gave evidence of a corroborative nature. both propose his removel anew to Charenton, and command, there was a limit fixed by considera- The leg book was put in, and the entry of the as the kindest way of removing him thither, both tions of what the particular discussances re- captain as to this affair read. The captain conhome of misery and wretchedness. The ad- auggest that Melainic should humour his delusion quired. It was of course necessary that a sidered the conduct of the men mutinous, and and take him there in the carriage, under the captain should have large powers, and could use he had them triced up, and gave them one lash pretext of going home. There are only two violence if necessary for the purpose of retaining each, when they cried out that they were ready. who believe this story of the Count's, viz., his command of the ship, but he was not entitled to return to their duty. The captain was of the fruits of their labour secure from exter. Simionou, the son of old Sergeant Bancalle, and to go beyond that nor to take unfair advantage opinion that the affair had been premeditated Maringa, the vivandiere of the 5th of the line, of it to use unnecessary violence, and if he for a mouth before this occurrence. who is a daughter of Corporal Chepinard, of did so he was held responsible. He submitted which she sever had any right, save that of the Cuirassion, and Toinette, Madame de Mouri- that unless it could be proved that the facts thought he had fully made out that the version were not as stated a primit facie case had been of the case given by the witnesses for the prose-The last act opens in the Asylum at Charen- unde out, and it would be the duty of the jury oution was grossly exaggerated, and that he had

Count. At length, completely broken down, the the Stillwater. On the 4th April the ship was The captain was entitled to administer punish-Count determines to poison himself, and writes on a voyage from New York, which port they left ment to the men when they were guilty of mutia prescription, asking Simionou to procure it for on the 8th December. On the 4th April there nous conduct, and it was for the jury to judge him, explaining at the same time that it was an was a quarrel on board the ship between Hub- whether the punishment administered was un. Union Insurance Society of Canton \$1,625 per opiate, without which he could not sleep. In bard and the stoward. After leaving Anjer merciful. He submitted that it was extremely the meantime circumstantial evidence of the Point the captain gave the steward orders to mild under the circumstances, and as punishment China Traders' Insurance Company's Shares - hazardous speculation. The speculators that comes to pass it will be a happy day for Count's identity begins to accumulate. Melainie give the men dinner, and some unpleasantness for the sake of example, was quite justifiable. is convinced that the Count is really her father, so | arose as to the food, some potatoes being sent |- The Attorney General replied upon the whole is Dr. Foldhein, and they both hurry off to Cha- back to the galley. After the captain had in- case, and he submitted that very unnecessary renton to make reparation. In despair at being quired into the matter, the steward attacked and unmerciful violence had been used again immured at Charenton, and indignant at the Hubbard, but the first and second mates inter- Dyer had been beaten with knuckle dusters. treachery of his friends, do Mourienne is about fored and separated them, and sent Hubbard for a belaying pin and a norman. The steward to drink the poison procured for him by Simio- ward. The steward followed Hubbard forward, had evidently taken the aggressive with regard nou, when he is interrupted by Feldbein. After but he was taken aft again by the captain, the to Hubbard and Dyer, and the captain had found a great deal of persuasion, the Count is at last mates, and the boatswain. By and bye the ste- it necessary to take an iron norman out of his convinced that his daughter is innecent of any ward came forward again, and used an abusive band which he had used upon Dyer. He further plot for his confinement. Father and daughter epithet to Hubbard, who was sitting down. He pointed out that the log look gave a one-sided are reconciled. Laval, not to be beffled, during the | said he would whip him before an hour was past, | account of the affair. He contended there was interval bad burried off to the Minister of the and after that struck at Hubbard with a piece of no evidence of mutinous spirit on the part of the Interior to get an order for the permanent con- lead slung on his hand. Witness interfered and men, and the flogging was therefore unjustifiable. mails and the sixth sale's opium, left Caloutta finement of the Count, which he presents to the he was struck by the chief mate with a knuckle His Lordship summed dismay of all three. Luckily, however, during duster, and after that he received several blows pointed out the captain of a ship was invested his recent adventures. Simionen's knapsack had from the knackle duster, a belaying pin in the with large powers. As to the allegations made as come to grief, and in it was discovered one of captain's hands, and a piece of iron about two to the captain and mate beating Dyer, the jury the three copies of the declaration of the Count's feet and s-half long and about four inches round | had contradictory evidence, and it was also for identity made at Brun. Simionen is off to Cha. In the hands of the steward. The captain's dog them to consider whether the account of the renton like a shot, arrives in time to com- also bit his leg. After this, he with Hubbard witnesses for the prosecution was reasonable found Laval and to propure the immediate re- and another man, Harrington, were taken aft taking into account the previous action of the lease of his father's old Colonel. The Count and put in irons, and then a boat's most was defendants in separating Hubbard and Dyer now "joins hands, where the hearts have gone placed through their arms, and by this they were from the steward, and also whether they were before. Foldhein is betrothed to Melainie, an all triced up to the mixen must so that their feet not justified in using violence to get the steward example which is also thought worthy of imi- just touched the dock, and the captain flogged from Dyer when the former seemed in dantation by Simionen and Maringa, the Vivan- them with a rope's end. He did not lay on for ger of his life. very long, but he laid it on very heavily. After | The jury returned a verdict of not guilty that their shirts, on which there was blood, were | upon each count. adapted for the capacities of the several actors, thrown overboard. During the remainder of the and as a result this piece was better sustained and voyage they were kept at dirty work on board the

Robert Hubbard, seaman of the same ship.

Mr. Mackean then addressed the jury for the

Have I not been kind to thee" in the third examined, it really might have been imagined Russell as Simioneu, and Mr. Inmana as Dr. Feld- from the evidence in chief of the men, it might mained quiet, and only held up their hands to defend themselves when they were being brutally beaten. He would call evidence which would show that the case did not bear that The performance given on Tuesday was the aspect at all, and he thought that though the prosecution had no doubt put the case as strongly as possible, the jury could already see in th evidence called indications of the defence. jury must be fully aware of the great necessity there existed for the cantain of a vessel to have absolute authority over his ship, and he alluded to a judgment of Lord Stewel in which it was held that the authority of the captain of a ship over his orew was of much the same character. as that of a father over his children, or that arrested. of an employer over an apprentice. He submitted that the captain in punishing his crew must adopt some different kind of punishment for the men under him to that which a father would bestow day for the hearing of the charge of libel upon a child of tender years, or a master upon On Tuesday night, Herr Bandmann's Company against Mr. Smith, was before the court, baving an apprentice who was often also of tender years. Of course the captain must not mete out punish. the defendants in the box to give evidence but he should call witnesses who would show that the account given by the witnesses for the prosention was exaggrated, and not only that but that the captain and mate, in all they did were justified, and it would be a question whether more oredence was not to be given to that avid. ence than to that which had been called for the prosecution. In fact he thought the syldence which had already been produced would, to some considerable extent, corroborate the defence. The ship was near Anjer Point, where navigation was attended with danger, it being narrow, with fore necessary that at such a point the ship should be under complete command, and the craw the captain treated his crow very kindly, looking after their interests and giving them food over and above their regular rations. It was only natural that the complainants, and the other men they passengers in Stanley-street on the 19th inst. with, and support each other, but their evidence | five baskets on the footway, and was fined \$2 or must be examined to see whether it was not four days' imprisonment. exaggerated, and whether it was correct in all details. Mr. Mackean proceeded to give an outline of the case as detailed by his witnesses, and months' hard labour for stealing a clock, a gold which will be seen in the evidence given below. The conduct of the men was such that it was necessary to make some example to restore widow, on the 24th ultimo discipline, and an example was made of the men who had assaulted the steward; but they were by no means punished in a ornel manner, and the flogging was of a mild character. It was necessary to do so as there seemed a tendency on the part of the crew to break into mutiny. not being the holder of a licence, and was fined said he was present when the captain flogged the three men; he gave them about half a dozon each

with a rope's and across the breach. ship, said the captain always treated the crew also ordered to find two sureties of \$10 each to be very kindly, and allowed various articles of of good behaviour for six weeks from the expirafood over and above the regular rations. He l tion of his sentence. remembered the day of leaving Anjer, and a mannamed Noble complaining of potatoes served to the men not being cooked, and said Hubbard had remand, charged with attempting to break open sent them back. Witness showed the potatoes in safe belonging to Dr. Adams, his employer, on to the captain and then told the men were cooked, October 1881. Hubbard after awearing at him, shook him by the shoulders, but the captain came up, and sent ploy but last year he was in the service of Dr. them both about their business. Presently he Adams as watchman. Some day last year was passing with a cup of medicine, when about September or October, when his master Hubbard used an abusive epithet to him. He and family were residing at the Peak he and set the cup down and Hubbard came towards defendant were left in charge of the house, His Lordship to Mr. Smith-Will you be him, and witness struck Hubbard on the No. 11, Caine-road. Defendant's duty was to shoulder with his fist. Hubbard then gave look after the house inside. On the day in and the expedition is spoken of as a "well different madhouses between Brann and Strae- Mr. Smith-I shall not be prepared. I wish him a severe blow on the mouth with a question he heard a noise in the room above that slung shot which broke and loosened his in which he was taking his rest. He went up His Lordship pointed out that this was an ap- tooth, out his 'lips, and knocked him down, and found defendant in the act of outting plication for an additional sessions, and there Witness then turned on Hubbard, but he ran a safe which was in that room. Defendant was no reason, as far as he knew, why the de- away, and Dyer called to him, and asked him was using a chisel and a hammer, and was fendant would not be able to argue against the why he did so, when Hubbard said it had gone cutting away at the plates of the safe. out of his hand, referring to the slung shot. Witness asked "What are you doing? You Dyer then attacked witness with the slung shot, will get me into trouble." Defendant replied "torted accounts of local misrule; and these of the office, happens to be the son of Bancalle, journed till the following morning, as be had his and witness defended himself with a piece of iron "I will not put you into trouble; I'll run away." he picked up from the water cask. Wit- Witness seized hold of him, but he gave witness His Lordship accoded to the application, and noss struck Dyer with this, and it flow out a kick and got loose and ran away. Witness of his hand, and then Dyer grappled with him did not follow after him as his leg was hurt and saizing his throat almost throttled him. Witness, reported the matter at the Police Sta-Israel L. Delan, master of the British ship Others interfered, but Dyer held on to him and tion and to his master when he came back! beat him about the head so that he was covered with blood. Getting one arm free he picked up of the last witness's in regard to the duties "to say nothing of accompanying one's entry Laval and Dr. Feldhein, clients of M. Marbeis. making an assault upon William Dyer, a see. an iron bolt, and struck Dyer, and then of his employés and in regard to the position of " by slaughtering his servants and family " Laval's letter is one from Monrienne claiming man of the same ship, and heating and ill-treating the captain came up, and he got away, the safe. his name and possessions. Feldhein, who by the him, thus causing actual bodily harm. They being then nearly stupified. The captain It appeared that since the occurrence prisoner took the bolt from him, and dressed had left the Colony and only returned the other his wounds, and he believed that had the captain day and was arrested by P.S. Wong Ayan on the not interfered as he did, Dyer would have killed Showkiwan road, when prisoner admitted the a wife, says he didn't find it half so hard to get Superintendent of the hospital at Brunn; among The Attorney General (the Hon. E. L. O'Mal- bim, being a much more powerful man than wit- charge and said that he had been in good before married as he did to get the furniture. ness. He saw the men flogged, and they were and that he did not mind going in again. The

Harrington, Dyor, and a man named Hubbard mutiny was going on, and the chief mate said

Mr. Mackean summed up the defence, and on. Simioneu, suspecting that all was not right, to find the prisoners guilty of the charge made shown that if the captain and mate had used any month. Hongkong Fires have found buyers at violence, it was necessary on account of th

POLICE COURT

21st June. BEFORE CAPT. H. G. THOMSETT, R.N. THEOWING RUBBISH INTO THE HARBOUR. Chan Ayan, coolie, was fined \$2, or seven days'

hard labour for depositing rubbish in the harbour. JINDIGEREA NUISANCE. Ng Sun Sing, jinrioksha coolie, was fined \$1, or four days' imprisonment, for reakless driving of his vehicle.

Sum Asni, hawker, was sentenced to six months' hard labour for stealing one jacket, one pair of trousers, and \$2, on board a boat in the harbour, on the 24th instant. THEFT OF A BAG OF MONEY.

Chan Asow, who described himself as a trader was convicted of the largeny of a bag containing money to the total value of \$15, and was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

STEALING FROM THE PERSON. Si Ayan, coolie, was charged with stealing from the person of Su Tai, married woman, one, bair pin, value about thirty-one cents: also assaulting her, on the 20th inst. appeared that the woman was walking in the street and the prisoner was following her, and he suddenly put up his hand and spatched a bair pin. At the moment two other pins fell to the ground. Prisoner then ran away pursued by the proceentrix, who caught him. Upon which he struck her with his fist so that she had to let off her hold of him. The matter was reported to the police and the prisoner was

Six months' hard labour. BIOTOUS SRAMEN.

Frederick Gustar Nelson, James Massam, and John William, seamen, inmates of the Sallor's Home, were brought up on a charge of fighting and creating a disturbance at that establishment

J. B. White, steward at the Home, said that on the night in question at 11.30 he heard a great noise in the main building of the Home. He went down and found five or six men, including the defendants, fighting and creating a great isturbance. He sent for the police and deendants were given in charge; the others got away somewhere. - The first and second defendints were fighting. He was told that the third lefendant was the cause of the disturbance. After some further evidence the first defendan was fined £3, or twenty-one days hard labour. The second and third defendants were fined £2. or fourteen days' hard labour each.

POOKET PICKING. Chong Asu, barber, was sent to gaol with hard. abour for six months for picking the pocket of one Su Chak Tai, hawker.

Mr. Theophile Koffer, proprietor of the Medical Hall, admitted the charge of obstructing the by setting out and leaving seventeen harrels and

Hung Awong, trader, was sentenced for air ring, a braza smoking pipe and two jackets, to the value of \$8, the property of one Ho Agn.

BEFORE MR. H. E. WODEROUSE.

Muk Atim, coolie, was brought up, on remand, on a charge of plying for hire a jiuricksha, he ASSAULT.

For assaulting one Wong Akin, coolie, Wong Atat, also a scolic, was sentenced to air weeks Andrew McCord, cook and steward of the hard labour, in default of a fine of \$10. He was

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL. Fu Afan, bouse coolie, was brought up, on

Chong Ashang said he was now out of em-Dr. Adams gave evidence correborating that

fair standing on the deck, being able to stand on Ewen Frickle's be stole something at a fire and

borsted what McCord had said as to the way the at the next Criminal Sessions of the Supreme

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY, 21st June.

Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight ... 3/94 Bank Bills, at 4 months sight 8/10 Credits, at 4 months sight ... 3/10 Documentary Bills, at 4 months sight

Bank Bills, on domand4.78 Credite, at 4 months night 4.88 ON BOMBAY.-Bank, 3 days' sight 228 ON CALOUTTA. -Bank, 3 days' sight 228 ON SHANGRAL -

Bank, sight73

SHARES. Small sales of Banks have been made at 122 to operate in the piece goods market. Never. per cent. premium for cash and more shares are | were the Chinese community of this Colony offered at the same rate for the end of the month. more completely cornered than at the pro-Docks have been done both yesterday and to-day at 50 per cent. premium for cash, closing with a small enquiry at 51 per cent for the end of the to be rich, rushed recklessly into the pro-\$960 per share and China Fires at \$300 to \$3074 per share for cash. Chinese Insucances are

wanted at \$235 per share. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares-122 per cent. premium.

\$1,650 per share. North China Insurance-Tis. 1,225 per share ex whirlwind. While, however, little com-

Yangtere Insurance Association-Tla. 850 per Chinese Insurance Company-\$235 per share, On Tai Insurance Company, Limited-Tla. 148

Canton Insurance Office, Limited—\$80 per share. Hongkong Fire Insurance Company's Shares selves seriously hampered by the tightness \$960 per share. Jhina Fire Insurance Company's Shares \$307; greatly impeded by the inability of mer-

Honghong and Whampos Dock Company's Shares 50 per cent. premium. longkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.'s Shares - \$28 per share promium. Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Shares - a noteworthy one on several accounts. In 3 per cent. premium.

Hongkong Hotel Company's Shares-\$105 per China Sugar Refining Company, Limited-\$170

China Sugar Refining Company (Debentures)-Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited-\$120

-\$60 per share. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1874—\$109 Nominal. Thinese Imperial Loan of 1877-£107 Nominal. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—2 per cent, prem. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—2; per cent. prem.

CHARTERS EFFECTED. The following settlements are taken from Mesers. STEIL & LAMER'S Freight Circular :--Danish steamer Fren, 909 tons, Japan to Channel for order, private terms. German bark PACL, 744 tons, to Hamburg. private terms.

German bark JUPITER, 618 tons, to Havre and a restoration of confidence and the return of London, private terms. American bark Evin Reed, 714 tons, one port may deplore the results of the land specu-Philippines to New York or Boston, gold, \$12.50 per top of 20 owt.

merican bark HENRY A. LITCHFIELD. 638 tons, one port Philippines to New York or Boston, gold, \$12.00 per ton of 20 cwt. German bark CABL RITTER, 596 tons, one port per ton of 20 owt.

bourge, £1.000 in full. German bark Pai-Ho, 483 tons, to Henolulu. gold, \$4,000 in full Gorman bark HERMANN, 453 tone, Xunglam to Swatow, \$2,464 in full, 30 lay day French bark Sr. IDEUC, 388 tons, Quinkon to growth, and no attempt to force it, we fear, Hongkong, \$2,150 in full, 30 lay days,

to Tientsin and back to Hongkong vid New. chwang, 50 cents per pioul, 32 lay days. German back FERDINAND, 416 tons, Whampon to Chefoo and back to Hongkong vid Newchwang, 30 cents per pioni, 38 lay days. Jerman bark LIVINGETONE, 531 tons, to New.

chwang and back, 22t cents per picul, 30 German bark Entrong, 456 tone, to Chefoe who appeared anxious to see the Europeans and back, 24 cents per picul, 32 lay days. Danish steamer Fran. 909 tons, Saigen to Hong.

kong, 18 cents per picul. British steamer REMUS, 642 tons, to Saigon and back (three trips), \$3,500 per trip, Saigon Hongkong (resharter), 18 cents per pioul, German cleamer ATALANTA, 787 tons, monthly charter, four months; \$3,800 per month. German steamer VORWAERTS, 611 tons, monthly perty. The result is before us, and Governor charter, three months, \$3,500 per month,

British steamer PENEDO, 652 tons, Saigen to having listened to the voice of the charmer. Hoile, 31 cents per picul. German steamer Augustus, 903 tons, Doné (Saghalian) to Shanghai, \$3 per ton coal.

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REGISTER. Yesterday's telegrams.

MARGERTER, level of the sea in thehee, tone, and hapdreds. Discortor of Winn is registered every two points, N.E., N.E., Ac. open air in a shaded situation. moderate. 5 to 7 fresh. 7 to Satrong. 8 to 10 heavy. 10 STATE OF WHATHER—H. Clear blue sky. O. Clondy. D. Drizely. P. Fog. G. Poggy. H. Hall. L. Lightning. M. Minly. O. Overcani. P. Paming showers. Q. Squally. R. Rainy. S. Snow. T. Thunder. D. Bad, threatening. P. Vighility. W. Storm. Z. Calm. The letters are repeated to indicate any increase over the mean average of their Range-The hours of rain for the provious \$4 hours (noon are registered from 1 to \$4, and the quantity of water fallow adjected to inches, tens and huntreds.

Thames Street Industries, by Percy Russell. This Illustrated Pamphlet on Perfumery, &c., A young man who recently took unto bimself Captain Fred Norman, who crossed and recross ed the Atlantic with George Thomas in the Little

supervision, about 12 feet long by 4 feet wide, and aft. He will take a floating sea anchor to keep the boat's head to the wind while he sleeps: ris will have no ure but a lamp, and will use prepared food, condensed coffee, and carry about fifty gallons of water. He thinks he could make the voyage in 100 days,

NEWS FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

THE LAND MANIA IN HONGKONG.

The state of affairs brought about by the reckless speculation in land is now being felt in its action upon the trade of the Colony. When the foreign Banks, as a measure of precaution, withdrew their advances to the Chinese Banks, the land bubble speedily burst, for the native capitalists in Canton and Fatshan, taking alarm, called in their deposits, and nearly all the Chinese Banks were consequently compelled to close. The result is of course an unprecedented tightness in the money market, and an inability on the part of the Chinese merchants sent time. We can have little sympathy with those individuals who, in their haste perty market and bought at prices that would yield less than three per cent on the capital, which they themselves had to borrow at seven or eight per cent. The unsoundness of the transactions should have been patent, and no wise or conscientious man would have plunged into such sowed the wind; they are now reaping the miseration may be felt for the gamblers pur et simple, it must be confessed that there are many others upon whom the results of the speculation press very hardly, and whose case invites sympathy. Chinese merchants who have kept clear of the bubble find themof the money market; and trade generally is chants to procure advances. The meeting beld in the City Hall on the 10th inst. was called with a view to seek some

way out of the difficulty. The meeting was

the first place the fact of the Chinese spon-Hongkong Gas Company's Shares-\$82 per taneously resorting to the English constitutional method of seeking a remedy for their trouble is worthy of note. The idea is one to be highly commended, as a very praiseworthy move, and one which, whether successful or not, shows that our Chinese fellow residents are effectually learning some of our ways, and know how to make their wishes and opinions heard. The originators of the Hongkong Ice Company's Shares-\$131 per meeting deserve credit for the idea, although it would perhaps have been more regular to Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited have appealed to the sheriff to summon a public meeting. These remarks simply apply to the idea of the meeting in the abstract, and do not refer to the matters brought forward at it. It was hardly to be expected that any of the European residents present would consent to preside. The meeting was got up by the Chinese, and to consider a matter in which they were principally concerned; so the election of Mr. Ho Amer to the chair was eminently suitable. That gentleman gave a clear and lucid statement of the objects of the meeting, and demonstrated the need for capital. However much the Government lation, they will not be able to entertain the request of the Chinese to step into the breach and save them from its consequences. That the Chinese should entertain such an idea for a moment is a Philippines to Channel for order, 22 13s. proof of how little they understand the functions of the Administration. Neither British bark IBAZU, 327 tons, Foochow to Mel. is it at all likely that the foreign Banks will take the initiative in the work of restoring confidence. When the commercial equilibrium has been upset, confidence cannot be restored in a moment; it is a plant of slow is ever likely to succeed. French bark Esperance, 272 tons. Whampes It was long ago prophesied that Sir Joan Pope Hennessy would leave the Colony in a

> end in a disastrous collapse soon after his departure. This has already come to pass. The large transactions in land entered into by the Chinese which led to the speculation were undoubtedly encouraged by the Governos. bought out, and did his utmost to persuade the Chinese of the desirability of realestatess an investment. The advice of the Governor was unquestionably not without weight with the Chinese, and his constant public utterances upon the subject served to stimulate them to acquire more and more landed pro-HEXXESSY's Chinese admirers must now rue Of course we do not for a moment, mean to insinuate that Sir John Pope HENNESSE had the least idea that such disastrous results would grow out of the Chinese fever for buying real property. But he is respon-sible for having urged the Chinese on. For what possible purpose could he have published the returns of the largest ratepayers in the Gazette but to demonstrate to the Secretary of State that British and foreign interests here were trifling as compared with those of the Chinese, and he consistently laboured to make this appear to be the case, in order to give greater force to bis policy. For this reason he advised the Chinese to invest in land, doubtless not forgetting the while that such transactions would swell the stamp revenue, and help to augment the value of the Crown Lots still nasold. The bubble bas burst now, however, and the colony is beginning to feel the effects of the inflation promoted by Governor HENNESSY. To what extent the reaction will affect the trade of the colony remains to be seen, but the depression will certainly take some time for

condition of unbealthy inflation that must

the meeting at the City Hall of Saturday, the 10th inst., are considered, the more the utter absurdity of the event becomes apparent. That there is also a very serious side to the question is unfortunately only too evident. The reaction attendant upon the recent rash plunging in the land market has been not only violent but widespread, and embraces in the calamitous results not only those who, through their insatiate greed, have brought disaster upon themselves; but from the peculiar circumstances of the case, the evil has apread far beyond the immediate circle of speculators, and has included in the visitation yest numbers of those who refrained from any participation whatever in the speculations referred to. How the sudden withdrawal by the foreign banks and the capitalists of Canton and Fatshan of many millions of dollars from circulation has occagioned the overflow of the tide of trouble until speculators, bankers, merchants, traders, and others, have been swamped in a general calanity is now generally known. This represents the serious side of the question to which allusion has been made, and there seems little room for doubt that the Colony is passing through a very critical period la its history. But the purpose of the present published at 6d, may be had gratis from any remarks is not to deal with this aspect of the Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, matter, but rather to comment upon the sinor John Gosnell and Co., London .- [Advt.] [631] gular means suggested for its amelioration. To the mere fact that the Chinese assembled publicly to proclaim their trouble no exception need be taken. It may not have been wice, but it was, to say the least, a far more Western (16) lest long by 61 feet wide), now up-and-down course than a deputation of proposes to row across the Atlantic alone. He "leading Chinese" to Government House Frederick Davidson, boatswainof the Stillienter, The prisoner, having been doly cautioned, re- says he will use a boat built under his own would have been; on this ground, therefore, and that the meeting was in some measure and from 2 to 24 feet deep, partly covered fore in accordance with foreign practice, the holding of the meeting may be commended Beyond this, however, the occasion can be regarded only with deprecation and ridicule. Viewed as to its organization, the meeting

seems to have met with but alight considera-

The more the circumstances surrounding

mittee in the manner referred to was cer- one is that it has been virtually dictated ing had been convened by them. tainly ab unwarrantable liberty, and was very by China, We have, to begin with h The CHAIRMAN said the meeting was not extogether. The promoters had certainly the abettors, there can be no doubt that the Committee of the City Hall? most nebulous notions of the practice in such growth of opinm is fostered in every part of The Charman-Certainly, the meeting is cases; no forethought seems to have been the Empire, and that China hones ultimately not convened by the Committee of the City Hall. cont. per annum," that of the other to invite with China. The writer exhibited the most a rate which brought in three or four per cent. the foreign banks " to renew their confidence profound ignorance of the subject on which upon the outlay, and they borrowed money at in the Chinese banks." Risum tencalis, amici? he essayed to enlighten his readers; but the same time at the rate of 10 or 12 per cent. pensation they learnt to believe that the then represented, or that, if he has, his only obtained 5 per cent, on the public funds and forming an integral part of the lodged in the banks. The worthy Chairman treaty, are to be notified by the Corean their money, and when this rumour spread, shall enjoy all the attributes, exemptions, imseemed, however, to ignore the possibility "Ministry to the Authorities of the United and came to the ears of the Chinese in Chinese of the Government preferring to leave its "States." A provisional or temporary estimate capitalists in Canton and Fatshan and else- of the most favoured sation in each of the money in the hands of the distructing foreign of duties is given by which "all imported where-it was very wise of them-they took the States. banks to reposing it in those of distrusted Chi- goods that are of daily use among the same precaution as the foreign bankers, and The Consuls shall not uphold the protonsions nese landowners. This apart from the fact that "people will be taxed at the rate of not more rushed down to Hongkong and withdraw their of their nationals should they be vexations or tracting Parties desire to make any modifica- natives of the other country be navilling to part accept what terms are dictated to her with the Government could not accede to the "than sloven per cent. of their declared loans, even energieing their interest. What was offensive to the authorities and the inhabitants will be respect to the treaty, the repudiation of which extraordinary request unless expressly em- "value; articles of luxury such as . . . powered by special legislation. Let our Chi- clocks, watches, and so on, at not more trade of Hongkong. Before this speculation offensive to the laws of the country in which he ness friends consider for a moment the con- "than thirty per cent." The import duty took place, the insurance companies, as well as resides, the exequator may be withdrawn from The official notification of the medifications request stands the remotest chance of success. | the export duty is to be five per cent. Then The withdrawal of these last mentioned "be placed in the hands of the Corean not meet the payment when it became due, travelling in the whole of the territory of Brazil,

COMMODORE SHUFELDT'S TREATY WITH COREA.

courtesy and kindness by the officials and war to protect her tributary, and has induced banks be requested to renew their confidence that the people are well disposed, there can the Coreans to make treaties with other in the Chinese banks; as by their withdrawal of be little doubt that the treaty has been European nations in the hope of making capital they have seriously crippled the general wrung from them much against their will. them a counterfoil to the greedy Northern trade of Hongkong, by diminishing the power of Posseure on the part of China, an ill feeling power. towards Japan, and, principally, fear of the encroaching power of Russia have combined | MEETINGOF "PERSONSINTERESTED to induce them to make the asked for concession to the hated and despised foreigners. That they have done so in the hope of driving the barbarians out again at some future time we may take for a certainty, and it is not at all improbable that China has made a promise that when she has cleared her own coast that the meeting was called " for the purpose she will assist her tributery in completing discussing the reasons which have led to the the expulsion. Great as were the induce- withdrawal of native uspital from the colony to conclude the treaty, it appears to nate state of affairs." European capitalists were bave taken the combined power of Chius, fair attendance of Chiusse-over a hundred, pro-America, and Europe to get them to do bably-amongst whom were Messrs. Ho Amel, apparently so far been successful, but we and Cho Yu Ting. There was also a sprinkling interest now, while at Hangkong they could get exert himself to arrive at an amigable solution. have yet to see whether it may not ulti- of Europeans including the Hon. F. B. Johnson. The era of brotherly love among Western Sassoon, O. P. Chater, G. Sharp, H. Wicking, J nations and peaceful persuasion towards China, called the "co-operative policy," so Mr. Ho Amer read the notice convening of Chinese present, they had but very few inloudly heralded by the Hon. Arson Bon- the meeting, and stated that he had been re-LINGAME and his dupes, turned out to be quested to send in the requisition for the use of verse of effective either in inducing China Johnson take the chair. to observe her treaty obligations or in any Mr. Johnson declined the office of Chairman, successful.

United States, the first made and the the most suitable person to set in that capacity. Chairman, and the meeting was then brought to model for the others, is at all correct it . Mr. Ho Amer then took the chair, and said a termination. shows a very great falling off from those that before proceeding with the business the which were obtained from Japan and from felt proud that they had such a large gathering China after the use of the so-much-con- of respectable merchants and rich bonscholders demped force. Of course we admit that present to consider this matter. it is better to obtain a treaty peacefully, even

tion from its promotors. In the means adopt not yet taught European Governments that he wished to state there publicly that that Com- purpose named as their Plenipotentiaries, that sidences, warehouses, or merchant ships of Bra- the hands of a Coroan subject, such offender would cower before even the shadow of its arms. ed for convening the assembly a strange this is the only way of dealing with seconding whatever to do with the con- la to say: His Majesty the Empayor of Brazil, silian subjects, the Chinese authority shall shall be dealt with seconding to the law of Corea, For the last few months, the Chinese and Rusirregularity was committed in allowing the divilized countries, and by far the kindest verifies and by far the kindest verifie notice to appear as if issued by the City Hall towards theme and the best in the end holding of a meeting in that Hall, and that was Committee, when in fact that body took no for all parties. In reading the summary the only way they were interested in the matter. part whatever in the matter, save the loan of of the treaty which we published in yes- He (Mr. Mossop) was directed by them to protest the Hall. The use of the name of the Com- terday's issue the first thing which strikes against the statement in Chinese, that the meet-

properly protested against. The want of a prohibition of opium import. Herein pro- sotly convened by Chinese; the application for Chairman at one time threatened to bring bably lies the reason why the astute diplo-the meeting to an abrupt and nugatory ter- matists of Peking selected the United States not for Chinese only, but was for the inhabitants Chairman at one time threatened to bring bably lies the reason why the astute diplo- the use of the hall for the meeting was signed mination. That such a contingency should as the power to be put forward to make the of Hongkong generally. have been possible illustrates the very bap- first or model treaty. For all that is said by Mr. Mossop-Will you be good enough to basard manner in which the meeting was got the Anti-Opium Society and its missionary tell the meeting that it is not convened by the

exercised, or Providence was most confident not only to stop all importation of Indian there for the purpose of approving of certain drug but to be an exporter of that of her own measures which would be brought forward for The vacant chair having at length been filled production to Corea and Mongolia, as she the interest and welfare of Hongkong. Of by the election to it of Mr. Ho Amer himself, already exports it in no small quantities to course he had no sympathy with the land specuthe two resolutions, which have been Thibet, Burmah, and other countries on the laters, but the depression which affected every published, were carried entirely by Chinese South and West. Then there is a provision other business in this colony was brought about votes. The tenour of these resolutions exhi- for the withdrawal in the future of exterri- in the first instance by the land speculation. bits, in their supporters, a delicious, child-like toriality. True, it is rather indefinite, but His countrymen were largely injured by the faith; the object of the one being to request it shows the ends at which China aims. Not spoonlation, and he believed a few foreigners faith; the object of the one being to request it shows the ends at which China aims. Not the Government to lend money upon mort-long since the New York Herald advocated steps with the covetons idea of getting rich the abrogation of this clause in the treaties in a day or a month. They bought property at

Were it not that these extraordinary resolutions that, even if they know it were so, would interest. This he (the Chairman) considered tions are the outcome of the serious financial have little influence with the crowds of to be a suicidal system. When they were buycomplications under which the Chinese now humanitarians who abound in the States as labour, their utter simplicity would excite well as in England, who are governed by only derision; indeed the gentleman who their sentiments instead of by their reason. ties in the way of getting out of their blunders. contemptuously exclaimed "bah!" on the It is to be hoped that the new United When they came to this condition, suspicion was reading of the first resolution formed a not States Minister to Peking, whose former at last aroused as to the stability of their investimproper estimate of its value. The Chinese, appearance in China was as reporter for as all know, characterize their own Govern- that paper, has not come here imbued with money, withdrow their loans. Previous to their of the same category of the most favoured nation. subjects of the most favoured nation. ment as paternal; under the Hennessian dis. the notion advocated by the journal he

the moon, and—did not get it. We leave provisions which are retrocessions; that million dollars, as far as he could leave. He of the country where they are to reside. This embjects of the High Contracting Perties as in been once paid, shall be transported into the in. clon prevalent for some time that the Russians the Government would comply with a re- more favourable to the United States, several arose, and before the crisis occurred, there were conception of the functions and powers of a "chandise into the interior for sale; nor from \$300,000 up to as high as \$800,000, so been appointed, a foreign Consul may fulfil the Government such as that of this Colony. "are they allowed to go into the interior that independently of the three million dollars functions, provided that he is not a trader. The When the disgusted auditor ejaculated "to purchase native goods." Again, the advanced to the Chinese by the foreign bankers local authorities, in the absence of a Consul, shall up in three languages, Portuguese, Chinese "bah!" with such evident sincerity, he was duties on imports, and exports, instead the native bankers alone, with the Chinese provide the means of securing to the subjects and to reside, rent or bny houses, build on with respect to Japan and Corea, Russia met with the retort that the Government of being agreed to between the parties deposits, had capital to the extent of over of the two States the benefits of the parties deposits, had capital to the extent of over of the two States the benefits of the parties deposits, had capital to the extent of over of the two States the benefits of the parties deposits, had capital to the extent of over of the two States the benefits of the parties deposits, had capital to the extent of over of the two States the benefits of the two States the benefits of the parties deposits.

stitution of the Legislative Council and the into China was arranged at five per cent. ad the banks, advanced money on property on him, according to the general custom. supervisory powers of the Secretary of State | valorem and at that it still remains. While mortgage at eight, or as low as seven per cent.

their own country men? It is surely asking too but at the same time it was a somewhat standard and irregular influence. The standard and irregular influence. The standard conditions, the country and the offenders countries; and the Corean Government engages and the Corean Government engages and the country, and the offenders countries; and the Corean Government engages and the countries; and the Corean Government engages and the countries are consistent and the countries and the countries and the countries and the countries are consistent and the countries are con much that foreign money should lare back underhanded and irregular influence. The 3420,000; and the Lee Lai Hang, \$980,000 other Contracting Party may only profit by those to keep all the articles, which must be observed

the deposits of the capitalists of Canton and Treaty opens with a declaration of the posi- besides \$350,000 advanced on promissory notes. advantages by acceding to the conditions inhe-Fatshan. Let the latter support their own tion of Corea quoad China, which is rather There were several other banks which he had not rent thereto, or to equivalent ones, mutually institutions, time enough then for the foreign difficult to comprehend. It says :- "Corea had time to deal with and including these, the agreed upon. banks to move. Looking at the resolutions "has always been tributary to China; but amount of money, independent of the foreign Article VI.—The subjects and merchant ships in their undisguised absurdity, it seems im- "enjoys local autonomy as well as indepen- banks, advanced by native concerns to Chinose, of either of the High Contracting Parties, in to do with this. possible to regard the whole matter otherwise "dence as regards affairs between herself and now in their hands would, he thought, amount | the open ports of the other, shall be subjected than as a huge joke, but our Chinese friends "other nations." If she enjoys all this, what to nearly \$8,000,000. There was no business in to the commercial regulations actually in force need not have made it sesume the dimensions can be the meaning of tributary, and how can to the colony was the question for them to consider. blished in future. to difficulties with another power? It is also slarming state of affairs in the colony, the these payable by subjects of the most favoured said in the same article :- "The President of Government be requested to advance money nation." "the United States admits that Corea on mortgages on landed property at a low rate | Article VII .- Theships of war of the Contract Notwithstanding the large amount of "is tributary to the Chinese; but the of interest say at five per cent. per annum." ing States shall be admitted into the ports of the attention which has of late years been di- "treaty shall be permanently regarded (A Voice-Bah.) It was all very well for other where it is or shall be permanently rected to the state of Corea and its political "as having nothing to do with this." This lent out to the banks did not realise more than they shall be treated there like those of the most appoint a diplomatic agent to the Court of relations with the rest of the world, we clause is, we notice, given in a translation five per cent., and it was quite right that they favoured nation. doubt if much interest will be excited by the from a Japanese version as follows :- "The should appeal to the Government to assist them. Treaties which have now been or will shortly "relation of Corea with China as a depend- The motion was seconded by Mr. Wong Kwan | chase of provisions, coal, &c., as well as for the be concluded with this, the last of the "ency shall bereafter cease." It is possible Tong, and was carried with two dissentients, supply of fresh water, and for the repairs of isolated kingdoms of the earth. Although that China, finding a probability of an en- Mr. G. Sharp and Mr. R. G. Alford. we are told that Commodore Shufflor creachment by Russia on Corean territory. and his officers were received with great wishes to avoid the necessity of going to reign banks, and the motion he bad to propose payment of duties either on entering or leaving

IN THE LAND QUESTION" IN HONGLONG.

A meeting of "persons interested in the lar question," convoned by advertisement, was held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on Saturday after noon, the 10th June. The advertisement stated ments, from fear of Russia and other and proposing resolutions which may have causes, which the Corean Mandarins had the effect of ameliorating the present unfortu so. This concentrated moral sussion has Lee Sing, Wong Kwong Tong, Lee Tuk Cheong, mately be as great a failure as it has Messrs W. H. Mossop, R. G. Alford, T. I. Bowler, hitherto proved in China and elsewhere. W. M. Morgan, W. Danby, S. G. Bird, F. D

but of short duration, and certainly the re- the hall. He proposed that the Hon. F. B. He recollected that some years ago a meeting

this concert of all creation will be more take the chair, and Mr. ALFORD seconded the proposition, observing that Mr. Ho Amel, who had solutions which had been brought forward. If the abstract of the treaty with the managed the affair from the commencement, was

Mr. Mossor asked, before the chairman went with an Oriental nation, but we may be al- into the business of the meeting to be allowed treaty from the Portuguese text :-lowed to doubt whether it is so likely to be to call his attentiton to the two notices by which | His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil and His observed, and we think much better terms the meeting was summoned. They were both in Mejesty the Emperor of China, being sincerely might have been obtained had any one nation | English and Chinese, and one made its appearance | desirous of affirming their mutual sentiments of gone direct and demanded the treaty which similar effect, but in the Chinese they differed; tions of reciprocal utility between the two codeit thought most suitable for both countries. In one of them it was stated that the meeting was tries, have resolved to conclude a treaty of friend-

ing and borrowing at such rates, the income of their rental would not pay the interest upon

ments, and bankers who had been advancing immunities, and privileges accorded to the agents doing that the foreign bankers had trusted the native bankers to the extent of more than Parties can nominate, in the ports and towns of local Government was not less parental coming experience may bring him wisdom.

the other open to trade, where its interests rather open to trade, and the transport of opinus than thirty per cent. As regards native experience may bring him wisdom.

the advances made by all the foreign banks quire, a Consult General, Consult, Vice-Consult, other open to trade, and the transport of opinus than thirty per cent. As regards native experience may bring him wisdom.

the advances made by all the foreign banks quire, a Consult General, Consult, C three million dollars. In this sum he included the other open to trade, where its interests rethat indeed to sak was to receive. Our Comparing this Corean trenty with those together; but at the same time there were and Consular Agents. Chinese friends should, however, remember now in existence between China and Japan deposits with the native bankers made by that once upon a time a spoilt child cried for and Western nations, we find several new Chinese capitalists to the extent of seven fore receiving the exequatur of the Government of the Governm

them to apply the moral. To expect that is, while we can find nothing in any way would show them that before the excitement exequator shall be given gratuitously; quest so unique as that advanced reveals in clauses are decidedly against the foreigner. the Chinese, not only, as we have said, a For example:—"Citizens of the United banks to the Chinese merchants, as well as maktouching confidence; but also a most mistry of States. Consultations of the United banks to the Chinese merchants, as well as making. touching confidence, but also a most misty "States cannot transport foreign mering advances to these bouse speculators, was In the ports and cities where a Consul has not

then the outcome of these things? The result of the locality.

for the Colonies, and imagine if their naive the import duty is so enormously increased, and were only too glad to get it. Now they mitted to go into the interior of China and to saw the Chinese cornered—these land specu- travel there, provided that they are furnished Their own Government professes to be pater we have a provision which, in the translation laters - they came forward and told them with a passport, issued, at the request of the nal, the British Government lays claim to at least, is worded in a peculiar way :- that their time was expired, and unless they Consul, by the Customs Taotai. This passpert no attribute of the kind; yet would the sup- "It is understood that all imported goods, on porters of the resolution in question venture to "which the import duty has been once paid, put up to auction. He thought that under mand of the local authorities, and shall be given say that even the Chinese Government would "shall be transported into the interior of the the present circumstances they ought to assist up on return. No obstacle shall be put to the dream of entertaining such a request? "country free of transit dues." Because we those reckless speculators out of their diff- hire by the travellers of men, carriages, boats, A thousand times, no! To turn to the second have hitherto failed in enforcing the transit culties by advancing them money at may five, &c., necessary for the transport of their baggage. resolution. This is, in the utter unreasonable- clause in the treaty of Tientsin, that is no six or seven per cent interest and they should not If the traveller be found not to have a regular ness of the request it contains, not less verdant reason why we should quietly give way and charge them any higher than eight per cent., be- passport, or if he commits an illegal act, he shall than the other. Considering that more than leave it out of a treaty with Corea, contenting one bank compradors was a land speculator ourselves with an understanding. If the one bank compradore was a land speculator ourselves with an understanding. If the ward to make that speech but that he knew how only arrest the traveller, and shall not insuit and had come to grief, not without making Chinese have not carried out their treaty their business was decreasing. He knew Chi- him nor subject him to ill nange. at least one of the banks suffer, the request obligation in this respect it is hardly to be nese who used to get credit for \$100,000 from Brazilian subjects may go on excursions in preferred savours not less of absolute au- expected that the Coreans will give much heed Jardine's or Sassoon's for a month, but neighbourhood of the open ports, without being dacity than of simplicity. The Chairman to what is merely said to be "understood," they could not now avail themselves of this. famished with passports, to a distance of a stated distinctly that the amount previously The tonuage dues are also to be higher Formerly if they got \$100,000 for a month, they bundred h, and for a time not exceeding five days. sutrusted by the foreign to the Chinese than in China. It would be interesting to managed by the end of the month to get \$50,000 | The above stipulations are not applicable to seventh year of Kwang-su. banks amounted to \$3,000,000, and that the know what is meant by the following sen
Character and Fataban capitalists had deposited to account of the second from one, \$10,000 from one, \$10,000 from another, and so on shore, to the regulations established by the Canton and Fatshau capitalists had deposited tence in Art. VII.:—"Any power or funcwith the same native banks 37,000,000. "tion not provided for in this Treaty shall could not do it, because they said, they could Chinese subjects shall have the liberty of

deposits the Chairman considered was a wiso "Authorities." One very wise agreement and the consequence was that the pur- as long as they conduct themselves peaceably measure-"it was very wise of them," he prohibits merchant Consuls. Old residents obases and sales between Chinese merchants and do not contravene the laws and regulations said. These deposits have not returned to who remember the jugglery which used to and foreign hongs were less and less every of the country. the Colony! In face of this fact the foreign take place at Shanghai, and possibly also at banks are calmly invited to "renew their smaller ports, and the illegitimate influence the banks are calmly invited to "renew their smaller ports, and the illegitimate influence the banks are calmly invited to "renew their smaller ports, and the illegitimate influence the banks of Hengkong he would propose one places in Chinase hanks." Did it which a trading and land speculating Consul "confidence in the Chinese banks," Did it which a trading and land-speculating Consul or two resolutions, which he did not expect are permitted to trade. nover strike the artless supporters of this exerted over the natives will be well satisfied would be carried out, but still it was his duty as Chinese subjects may equally travel and trade resolution that before the foreign banks of the wisdom of their prohibition in Corea. he was there to say what he thought. At the pre- in all localities of Brazil, on equal terms with independence as regards affairs between herself complied with such an invitation they might In many cases within our own knowledge sent moment the She Tai Bank had advanced subjects of all other nations. desire to see a returning confidence on the natives who got the protection of Consula were \$400,000; the She Tong \$400,000; the Yik. It is understood that in the event of one of part of the Chinese capitalists themselves in saved from squeezes and perhaps from torture, dang Wo, \$350,000; the Hang Wo, \$350,000; the

> Hongkong now, and how to bring back the business | for all the other nations, or which may be estashe expect China's protection or how can He would propose the first resolution, which The subjects of the Contracting States shall China interfere in the case of her getting in- was as follows :- "That in view of the present not pay higher import and export duties than

Chinese merchants to make purchases and sales." Mr. LEE TOR CHEONS addressed the Chairman in Chinese, and that gentleman translated

his remarks to the offeet that he (Mr. Lee Take Cheong) was willing to second the resolution, but he thought the Chinese should understand that of course the foreign banks would not advance money unless they had proper security. The CHAIRMAN said the foreign banks trusted Chinese banks a year ago, and he did not see why they could not do it now. They (the banks) would take care of themselves. They had eyes and cars as well as he had and if they wanted

to make money out of the Chinese, of course it was their look out. If the foreign banks would renew their confidence in the Chinese, the capitalists at Canton and Fatshan would at once rush forward to Hongkong, and they would have other places they sould only get two per cent. ten per cent, upon their capital,

the same two dissentients.

fluential English merchants, and he was sorry sidering whether the accuser is Brazilian or to see that so many of the merchants were absent. was called as to the general business of Hongkong at which Chinese and English met chants. Liste attempts at "European concerts" have failed; we can only hope that this concert of all creation will be more take the shair and Mr. Sasson and Mr. Chater, who were afterwards proposed, also declined. Most of the was happy to say that the proceedings of the Europeans at this stage left the room.

The Beart proposed that Mr. Ho Amei should be more take the shair and Mr. Chater, who were together. On that occasion a row occurred, but be was happy to say that the present meeting had passed off quietly.—(Application of the plane). He again thanked those present for take the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shair and Mr. Armei should be more than the shai the present meeting had passed off quietly .- (Ap- the laws.

> TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP, COM-MERCE, AND NAVIGATION BE-TWEEN BRAZIL AND CHINA.

Mr. BEART proposed a vote of thanks to the

All our intercourse with Asiatio nations has convened by the Committee of the City Hall, and ship, commerce, and navigation, and have for that

perial Household. Knight of the Order of the rity and the two authorities shall depute agents in steamers or on shore, offend subjects of Cores, in Ili, and both parties have been exercising a Rose and of the Imperial Turkish Order of the to effect the arrest of the criminals, who must or injure their life or property, they shall be species of petty sharpness in respect to carrying Modifile, His Envey Extraordinary and Minis- not be protected or concealed.

ter Plenipotentiary quaspecial Mission to China. His Majesty the Happror of China, Li, Minis ter Plenipotentiary, Imperial Commissioner. Grand Precenter to the Heir Presumptive, First Grand Secretary of State. Prosident of the Board of War. Governor-General of the province of Chihli, and Earl Sou-yi of the first bank, with the hereditary degree of Ki-tou-vi:

Who, after having exchanged their plenary powers, found in good and due form, have agreed acticles. anon the following articles :-

friendship between the Empire of Brazil and the Powers, a Code to regulate the matter of juris- should bring the laws and legal procedure of lead an observer to believe; they were hatching Empire of China, as well as between their res. diction over foreign subjects in China, Brazil | Coron into harmony with those prevailing in the a scheme and biding their time to allow matters peotive subjects. These can repair freely to the shall also take part in the accord. respective States of the High Contracting Article XII. In the case of persons, what suis of the United States to not indicially, shall pounce on the Chinese Government and repudiate Parties and reside there. They shall obtain ever be their condition, from on board of the be withdrawn, and American citizens, living the treaty. That time seems to have come, for there full and complete protection for their ships of one of the High Contracting Parties, in within the boundaries of Cores, transferred to the Chinese Government have been thrown into persons, their families and their property, and an open port of the other, going on shore, and shall enjoy all the rights, advantages, and pri. | causing disturbance there, they shall be punished vileges accorded to the subjects of the most conformably to the usage followed, in such cases,

Article IL .- In order to facilitate the amigable relations between the two States. His Maiesty the Emperor of Brazil can, if he thinks of China, such actions shall be heard by the exceed those paid by the traders of the most such a nature as to admit of no compromise, and fit appoint a diplomatic agent to the Court of authorities of the defendant, conformably to the favoured nation. In a similar way, American the regult of the refusal of which will be war be-Peking, and his Majesty the Emperor of China regulations about collision in force in all countries and merchant-vessels may resort to tween the two powers. The Russian Governcan equally, if he thinks fit, appoint a diplomatic tries. ugent to the Court of Rio de Janeiro.

The diplomatic agents of each of the High Contracting Parties can, with their families and the members of their suite, reside permanently in the capital of the other, or repair there temporarily, according to the desire of the respective Government.

The diplomatic agents of each of the High Contracting Parties shall enjoy, in their respective residences, all the prerogatives, exemptions, Article III .- Each of the High Contracting

Merchants shall not be appointed to exercise

Article IV .- Brazilian subjects shall be per

They shall enjoy every facility for the pur-

which they may have need. The CHARRMAN said he next came to the fo- | Ships of war shall be absolutely exempt from

> The commanders of Brazilina vessels of war in China and the local authorities shall treat the said officials shall display neither partiality, each other on the footing of equality. Article VIII. - Merchant ships of each of the two nations may frequent the ports of the other open to trade or which may be hereafter opened and transport merchandise to them. They shall

Ships of one of the High Contracting Parties the other, and being obliged to seek a refuge in some port, are to receive from the local authorities all the assistance which it may be in their power to render them

Marchandisa saved shall not be subject to any duty unless offered for sale. These ships shall be treated on equal term with those of other nations which may be in

Article IX -Brazilians, in Chine, who may haveleause of complaint against Chinese, should plenty of money. He knew that in Canton and lay their griovance before the Brazilian Consul who shall inquire into the merits of the case and In like manner if a Chinese have reason to The proposition was then put and carried, with complain of a Brazilian, in China, the Brazilian Consul shall listen to his complaint and endea-The CHAIRMAN said he had nothing further your to come to an amicable solution. If the be judged, in all equity, only by the authority shall be indemnified by the Captain of the vessel.

> Article X .- Brazilian subjects, in China, who commit any crime against Chinese subjects shall be arrested by the consular authorities of Brazil and nunished conformably to the laws of Brazil, by the anthority entrusted with the execution of Chinese subjects guilty of a criminal act to-

> wards Brazilian aubjects in China, shall be arrested and punished by the Chinese authorities, conformably to Chinese laws. In general, every action, civil or oriminal, bethe authorities of the nation of the defendant or.

The High Contracting Parties shall not be bound to reimburse the sums stolen or sums due The following is a translation of the above by a subject of one of either State to a subject of the other. In case of theft, proceedings damage to their property. shall be in conformity with the laws of the country to which the culprit belongs, and in the case of debt, the authorities of the country of the debter shall do all in their power in order that the debter shall astisfy his sugagements. Il Chinese subjects, in China principals or accomplices in any grame, take relate in the re-

Article XI .- All quostions of right, whether of punished by the law of the United States ers in China, shall be subject to the authorities ever, entitled to the presence of one of his own ness authorities. Russia, however, seems to have only of their countries.

shall be taken conformably to the two preceding then have an opportunity of investigating the party in conflict with the treaty or to compro-

in each of the two countries. As regards actions prising from collisions between vessels of the two countries, in the waters

sentence, the authorities upon, whom he is de- The Customs tariff must be arranged by the 1.-That Mancha commanders on the Russopendant may apply officially to the authorities Corean Government. Duties on export and im. Chinese frontier will not be permitted to com-

Article XIII.—Chinese subjects in Brazil who will publish the same for the information of 2.—That the garrison of Chinese soldiers at shall have free access to the courts of justice of all whom it may consern. The following is a Di, must be changed for Manchu soldiers. the country for the defence of their just rights. | provisional or temporary estimate of the duties | They shall enjoy, in this respect, the same on various cargoes :- All imported goods, that stipulated by article I of the treaty for one year. rights and privileges as the Brazilians and the are of daily use among the people, will be taxed

agree to prohibit to the subjects of each of them toys of various descriptions, liquors, Manila to. Russla they cannot but lead to hostilities. The the importation of opinm into the ports of the baseo, clocks, watches, and so on, at not more reason why Russia insists on Mancha soldiers

trade in the ports of the other open to trade.

be invoked against the provisions of this article. | dar. and free from errors.

text shall decide. If a Consul conducts himself in a manuer exchange of the ratifications, to open negotia- registration-offices. Any power or function not imperfect information before us, and being an-

> which either of the High Contracting Parties may intend to propose shall always be made six foreign merchandise into the interior for sale; we are inclined to the opinion that China will months in advance. If no such modification be made, the Treaty purchase native goods. It is also forbidden to time, and if that fail then the last argument of shall remain in force.

> ratified by His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil will render such cargoes liable to confiscation, said that one element in the present difficulty and by His Majesty the Emperor of China. The exchange of ratifications shall be made, Consul for punishment. within the shortest possible time, at Shanghai Article VIII -It is forbidden alike to the The trade regulations attached to this treaty or at Tientsin; after which the Treaty shall be citizens of the United States to carry opium into probibited the importation of opium by Russians printed and published in order that the func- Corea, and to the Coreaus to carry opium into per overland route, into China, and a Chinese tionsries and subjects of the two Empires may the United States. It is also ferbidden to the authority informs us that this anti-opium clause

In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty and have remain in force for ever. If any infringement affixed their seals thereto. Done at Tientsin this third day of the mouth | serving of severe punishment. of October, in the year of Grace one thousand - Article IX .- Should any unforeseen circumeight hundred and eighty-one, corresponding to the eleventh day of the eighth month of the

THE AMERICAN TREATY WITH COREA.

The following is a brief abstract of the Treaty sencluded between Commodore Shufeldt and the Corean Government. It is not official, and does not pretend to be an elaborate translation; in the this law, main, however, the provisions are accurately fiscated.

Article L.—Corea has always been tributory and other nations. Now Corea and the United intact and without violation.

The President of the United States admits that Cores is tributary to the Chinese; but the treaty shall be permanently regarded as having nothing

Article II.-There shall be perpetual peace and friendship between the King of Cores and the President of the United States as well as between their respective subjects. If a citizen of the United States shall have cause of complaint against a Corean, or vice vered, the affair must be reported to the authorities of the offending party, who will listen to it and endeavour

to effect an amicable solution. Article III .- In order to facilitate the amio-Corea; and the King of Corea may equally, if he thinks fit, appoint a diplomatio agent at Washington, Each of the High Contracting Parties can nominate in the ports and towns of

the other Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls and Consular Agents, who shall hold the same rank as the local officials. The Minister, Cousule, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents shall preserve friendly relations in correspondence; and favour, nor affection in adjudicating between and instance the two countries.

When a Consul shall be appointed, the name of the nomines must be sent in to the government of the country to which he is ascredited : be treated in all respects like those of all other in the event of approval an exequatur will be

Consuls cannot be chosen amongst merchants: they shall be bond fide officials and must not ongage in trade. In the ports where a Consul has not been ap- this Treaty comes into force those privileges.

not a merchant or trader. If there be no Consul the local authorities may be requested to act in The United States Legation established in all special concessions made to the most favour-Ocrea will be held responsible for the fulfilment of these conditions, failing which the exequatur of the Corean Government will be withdrawn.

Article IV .- If any of the United States ships sailing to the Corean coast or its neighbourhood contained in the Treaty aforementioned were are wrecked, or find themselves in want of pro- proposed and mutually agreed between the revisions, coal, etc., and are a long distance from the Treaty ports, the Corean Government shall permit them to anchor wherescever it may be expedient, and shall engage to supply all the assistance they can give them, for which they In such cases the local authorities and the people of the country shall use their best andeavours to render necessary assistance. Should any such ship be trying to trade in ports other than those opened by this Treaty she shall be arrested and the cargo confiscated,

When any United States ship is wrecked on

the Corean Coast, the Corean officials, as soon as

they shall receive intelligence thereof, shall send only be judged conformably to the laws and by the Captain or the United States Government.

> United States Consul, shall take immediate steps out the treaty in its entirety, the estate and un- hon. treasurer; Dr. Stockwell, hon. surgeon; to stop the same and to arrest the offenders, who principled Muscovite would be sure to take hold and Messrs. J. Ede, and J. Cook, other members shall be nunished seconding to law.

arrested by the United States authorities and out minor points of treaty obligations. Fugitive

Brazilian subjects in China shall be subject to should be involved in any lawsuits, the case must chicanery that has been going on in the district, the sele jurisdiction of the Brazilian authorities. be tried by the authorities of the defendant, and but we have had no certain information of Actions between Brazilian subjects and foreign- according to their law. The plaintiff is, how- the transactions between the Russian and Chiauthorities to watch the case on his behalf. . If been to a certain extent outwitted in this tricky If any Chinese be involved in law suits, action any ones be decided unfairly, the Assessor shall game. Nothing, however, was done by either particulars with a view to effecting a just settle. mise its terms. The Russians, it would seem, If, in future, the Chinese Government shall ment of the cose. If, in future, after the estab. were, however, playing a deeper game than that Article I .- There shall be perpetual peace and deem it fit to establish, in accord with furlign lishment of this Treaty, the Corean Government which the plottings of the district officials would United States, the power now granted to Con. | to come to such a pitch when they could suddenly the full jurisdiction of the native local authorities. | amazement by Russis coolly and suddenly mak-Article VI. - Corean merchants and merchant. ing a series of demands on China which virtually

> Corea for purposes of trade, subject to the pay- ment have made six demands on China, three of If the complainant will not conform to the ment of duties on export and import cargoes, which we can give. to whom the defendant is subject in order that port cargoes, and a list of all goods considered mand any but Mancha soldiers, and that no they may re-hear the suit and pronounce defini- contraband will be duly notified by the Corean | Chinese soldiers will be allowed in these gar-Ministry to the authorities of the United States, risons unless commanded by Chinese officers. at the rate of not more than eleven per cent. of character that we withhold their publication for Article XIV .- The High Contracting Parties | their declared value; articles of luxury, such as further verifications. If they are insisted on by

from port to port, whether for their own account | they shall be charged a duty not exceeding five | that the former are easily corrupted. Russia Those shall not enter upon their functions be. or for the account of subjects or citizens of any per cent. of their value. It is understood that has been insidiously weakening Chinese influships belonging to subjects or citizens of a thirp terior of the country free of transit dues. All have been tampering with the Manchus, and United States merchant-vessels resorting to any that Russia desires to have a riffraff army on The High Contracting Parties further agree of the Coreau open ports, shall be subject to ton. the frontiers in preference to a well organised to prohibit to their respective subjects the opium | nago-dues at the rate of 5 mage por ton; each | Chinese one in order to facilitate the work of convessel being liable for the payment of this duty | quest should the present question be referred to The clause of the most favoured nation cannot four times a year according to the Chinese calen. the arbitrament of the sword. At the present

liberty to emigrate to all places in the United China, and by the intrigues that are going compared and found to correspond in all points. facture articles, excepting such as are contra. tunity to put forth her demands, and band, and to buy and sell at their pleasure.

nother case can the emigrant from one country | the north, that the Celestial Empire will be Article XVI.-If in future the High Con- enforce the sale of lands or houses, should the powerless to oppose her exactions and must after the lapse of ten years, to date from the levied according to the rates raling in Corean is the aim and ond of the Muscovite. With provided for in this Treaty shall be placed in the tirely in the dark, as to the cabinet intrigues of hands of the Corean authorities.

nor are they allowed to go into the interior to resort to diplomacy in the matter and so gain them to transport native cargo from one port to kings must be appealed to. Article XVII. The present Treaty shall be another. Any violations of these restrictions In a subsequent issue the Courier adds :- It is and the offender handed over to the nearest between Russia and China is in respect to the

have full knowledge of it and submit themselves people of either country to charter the ships of is one of the "bones of contention," for Russia other nationalities for the transport of opium | wishes to have it deleted altogether. between the two nations. This prohibition shall of it be discovered, the offender will be held de-

stances arise within the boundaries of Corea which might tend to shorten the supply of food necessary for the people, the export of rice will be temporarily forbidden. In such a case the local authorities will notify the authorities of the United States in order that they may prevent their countrymen from violating this regulation. The article called hung-shen (clarified gipseng? is the only merchandise which the Corean Government has always forbidden to be experted if therefore any United States citizen infringe this law, he shall be punished, and the goods con-

Article X .- Guns, cannon, rifles, gunpowder, nose piece goods hong has also, we are informed, cartridges, shot, shells, swords, and other muni tions of war, shall either be purchased by the Coroan Government for themselves, or by au. Sindh, arrived on the 16th inst., we note the thorised American merchants under permit of the names of Sir Walter Medhurst, secretary and Corean Government : in which case the import of such articles will be permitted. But if they former from Singapore and the latter from Calpunished.

Article XI .- Authorities, merchants, people of both nations, living in any of the open ports, are entitled to ourage the services of any persons, of whatever degree, that may be necessary to them. If a Corean subject in the employ of a United States citizen in a house, violates the laws and regulations of this country, or is summoned by some other person, the local anthorities must notify the Consul before the arrest is made; who will either authorise the arrest of the offender by the yamen, or send a min bimself to arrest the same, and hand him over to the Corean authorities. It shall not be lawful for the authorities or people of the United States to protect or detain a person so situated. Article XII .- Full assistance shall be given to such students of either nationality as shall desire to dovote their attention to the spoken and

written languages, classics, laws, mechanics, and such matters, of the other country. Article XIII .- As this is the first occasion which Corea has ever made a Presty, the Articles contained berein are framed in a condensed form, and must be regarded as only provisional; if any amendments or additions be necessary, the Treaty may be revised five years hence, when the passengers was passing the Bath House yesterauthorities and people of the two contracting Powers shall have gained sufficient knowledge of each other's language to be able to congares struggles of the poor drowning child in the together; a revision may then be made. The details, and regulations of mutual intercourse shall be decided by the accepted code of Interna-

tional Law, so that every point may be fairly and accurately adjusted. Article XIV. provides that diplomatic corres posdence be carried on by both the contracting Parties in the Chinese languager

Article AV: is to the effect that as soon a pointed, a foreign Consul may perform the func- liberties, advantages, and all other rights and tions, provided that the said foreign Consul be interests granted to other nations by the Corean Government either on land or on sea, hitherto not mentioned in this Treaty, shall be allowed to the United States authorities and people. But secutor's statement, on or about the 8th June. eduction shall be explained and made public; so that the contracting party may know that such concessions have been made to the favoured nations under special causes. All the articles presentatives of Corea and the United States Auerica, in Corea; the treaty being made in triplicate and written both in Chinese and English. The versions and order of arrangemeat are precisely similar. It is now first to be signed and souled by the authorities appointed by the contracting Governments and the ratifications are to be exchanged within one year from date .- N. C. Daily Nove.

IMPENDING TROUBLE BETWEEN BUSSIA AND CHINA.

assistance, supply food to the shipwrecked crew, that the Chinese official world is in a white heat kong for some years raged in October, and memand use their atmost endeavours to save the ship of excitement over some extraordinary demands bere of the society then, with the aid of other and cargo. Notice shall be sent to the nearest that have been made by Russia with respect to persons, rescued over 150 persons from sinking Consul of the shipwrecked persons, through the Russo-Chinese treaty which has lately been craft in the harbour. The members had shown whom they shall be sent back to their own na- ratified. It appears that Russia is following out themselves proficient in the use of the rocket twoon subjects of the two States, in China, can tion; all necessary expenses to be refunded by towards China that policy which in her Euro- apparatus. Some members had been lost during pear dealings has made Bussian diplomacy sy- the year, but the mamber of members was the Article V .- Subjects of the United States nonymous with Punica fides. It was not to be same as at the previous annual meeting, and residing in Cores must strictly conform to the expected that a perfidious nation like Russia, to there was a small balance in hand as compared atipulations of this Treaty, and the local authori- when treaty obligations are so much waste paper, with a deficit last year. The officers of the society ties will protect their persons and properties and when they stand in the way of her interests or were re-elected as follow-Hon. P. Ryrie, Preshall prevent ill-treatment to themselves and ambition, would not in good faith and honour- sident; Mr. J. A. Sampson, superintendent and ably with China in regard to the late treaty. foreman of Eastern District; Mr. Leatherbar-If any lawless persons shall do damage to the If there were a loophole to coope, Russia row, foreman of Central District; Mr. J. R. property of any citizen of the United states the would take advantage of it, and if cunning could White, foreman of Western District; Mr. T. local authorities; on receiving notice from the devise excuses and expedients against carrying R. Fisher, hon. secretary; Mr. G. A. Caldwell, of the opportunity, and use the language of a of the Committee. Three new members were If any United States oftisen suffer injury at handit in dealing with a power that it thought proposed and elected.

reports have reached us from time to time person, or of property, which may arise between If any United States citizens living in Corea of the intrigue and counter intrigue and vessels may resort to America for purposes of undo that which the treaty has done and make tride, subject to the payment of all dues im. it as so much waste paper. We are not in a poposed by the Customs tariff of the United States, edition to give the whole of the demands of the The duties paid by the Corean traders shall not | Russian Government; but some of them are of

3.—That the Russians will not transfer Ili as Demands 4. 5. and 6 are of such a startling time the Peking Government is seriously disturb-Article XV .- This Treaty has been drawn | Article VII .- The Corean people shall be at od by the advance of the French in Cochin evidently she expects, seeing that China is both Russia and China, it is impossible to say Citizens of the United States cannot transport | what will be the upshot of the whole affair. But

overland trade, as regulated by the late treaty.

HONGKONG.

Local events during the past fortnight have not been of a very exciting character, the meeting got up by Chinese at the City Hall on the 10th inst. to consider the results of the bursting of the land bubble, carising most discussion, Herr Bandmann's Company has given a series of performances at the Theatre Royal, City Hall. which have been well attended.

The Annamese wooden steamer Sun Tip, recently sold by auction by Mosers. Hughes and Lagge, was purchased by a Chinaman for \$2.580. She was formerly used as a gunboat.

We regret to hear of more commercial trackles among the Chinese community. The Kwan Kee Bank has stopped payment, and a large Chiailed, with liabilities estimated at about \$130,000. Among the passengers by the M. M. steamer servant, and that of the Hon. E. R. Belilios, the

The Chinese are not slow to make use of the newly constructed Harbour of Refuge at Causaway Bay. Last week, during the prevalence of strong winds and with some apprehension of a gale, this refuge was filled with a large number

of native craft. The new tug-boat for the P. and O. Company was successfully launched from the Dock Comgolown, steamer, or any other position whatever, pany's establishment at Sam-shui-po on the 5th inst. She has been put up here, but was built by Mesars. Caird and Co., Greenook. She is constructed entirely of iron and has large

> and powerful engines. We learn that on the night of the 10th inst. cargo junk plying between Hongkong and Kong mun, while on her return trip to this colony, when near Pah Hok Sa, was met by two piratical craft and boarded. The pirates, it is alleged by the junk people, carried off \$7,000 in money, and goods to the value of \$3,000. No person was wounded, because no resistance was offered to the robbers, who greatly out. numbered the crow of the junk. The affair has

been reported to the Authorities. On the 9th inst. an incident occurred in the harbour which illustrated the indifference generally felt among the lower classes of Chinamen to loss of human life. A sampan filled with Chinese day afternoon, when a little child by some means fell overboard. The men on board viewed the most unconcerned way, but the mother of the child showed a different spirit; she jumped overboard pluckliv, and dived after the child, whom she brought to the surface and got on to the Bath steps with the assistance of some members of the Recreation Club, not much the worse for ite ducking.

Mr. R. F. Smith, the proprietor and publisher of the Hongkong Telegraph, has been committed for trial on a criminal information obarging him with having libelled Herr Bandmann, the tragediau, who has been giving a series of performances in the Colony. The advertisement was withdrawn from the Telegraph, according to the proand on the 10th June there appeared in that paper an article, written in broken Haglish, and apparently intended for a paredy on the notice of Herr Bandmann in "Men of the Time." This the prosecutor regards as a libel reflecting on him in his profession and character. On the paragraph in which the prosecutor was referred to as "the valient hero of the destardly assault on Mrs. Rousby " and as "a confirmed woman beater." In ordinary course the trial would not take place until the sessions which open on the 18th July, but as the prosecutor wishes to leave the colony before that time, application is being made for the holding of a special sessions.

The members of the Hongkong Humane Society held their annual meeting on the 12th inst., under the presidency of the Hon. P. Ryrie. The hon, secretary, Mr. T. R. Fisher, read the annual report, which showed that the society had done some good work in life saving during the past The Shangher Courier writes :- It is reported year. One of the severest gales known in Hong-

CANTON. FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT. 14th Jano. Tseng Kwo Ts'un, late Governor General of the provinces of Karsul and Shensi, who retired some time ago to his native place in Hunan, has not one drop falls. been appointed by the Emperor to be Acting Vicercy of the Two Kwang, vacant by the re- Chihli is suffering from drought. The rivers movel of His Excellency Chang Shu-sheng to and streams are low; the wells are drying up; Tientsin. The new Viceroy has been ordered to start at once for Conton. He is a brother of dry as brick. In Shantang, and it is said, the Into highly respected Tsong Kwo-fan. The new noting Magistrate for the Pun Yu it is here; but a few days rain will fill all aching

and took up his appointment yesterday. An examination will be held in this city -to use Dr. Watts' fine expression-"fields of on the 26th instant of candidates for admis- living green." sion to the new military and naval College The people are distressed, and in a bad frame at Cheung Chow, near Whampon. This institu- of mind. Men are, all the world over, authrotion, which will shortly be opened, is designed pomorphic, and readily ascribe the afflicting to furnish young men for the different Govern- vicissitudes of nature to Divine displeasure with ment services, who will be instructed in naval some explicitly defined temporary circumstance. and military tactios, the sciences, English and, I In China, drought, or malignant disease, or believe other Westernlanguages. The candidates failure of crops, will be always attributed to must be from twelve to sixteen years of age, and the evil influences of foreign intruders; and just must be able to pass a fair examination in Ohineso now the Tientsin people are quite agreed on one branches of education, otherwise they will not be point, viz :- That if foreigners and Christian passed. All their expenses at the Cheung Chow | missionaries were away, all could go well! College will be borne by the Chinese Govern. The people of Chihli now suffering much, and

SHANGHAI. Wa hear that the Presty between Corea and

Chiun is not yet signed. by the China Merchants' S. N. Co.

Ratifications were exchanged on the 3rd inst. crops will be destroyed by flueds; in other years FOCOHOW, SHANGHAI, and HANKOW, and are ing the visit of the See we to that port. between the Brazilian Minister, H.E. Sanhor the carth will be blighted by aridity. The soil prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates. E. Callado, and the Chinese Representative, who of Chihli is fruitful, if water is given to it; and came down from Seechow sometime ago. An offer of Tls, 90,000 has been made for the hitrogenous manures, are required to secure Naval Yard, which was sold for Tls. 55,000 a fertility. But man has destroyed the forests month ago. A gentleman who is laying out a the hills are bare, and no substitute can be probeautiful garden on the Carter Road, the finest | vided to replace the woods. And now the many landscape garden ever seen in Shanghai, has been millions of the province are in fear and trem-

Chihli bas already got into trouble. In spring crops were poor, scanty, and in effect fact be. has been impeached by a high failures. If the autumn crops fail, there will be officer. It appears that His Excellency some famine. - N. C. Daily News Correspondent. time ago memorialised the Throne to the effect that he had selected a sub-Expositor of the Han-lin College named Chang Pei-lun to falfil the duties of Director of Marine Administration, with the addition of an honorific title. Bafore a reply had been obtained, the Expositor Chen Pao-shen-on official, by the way, who seems exceedingly foul of impending peopledenounced the Viceroy to the Throne for being actuated by favouritism; and allowing his private feelings to influence his public acts; and re-- quested the Emperor to deal with him in accordance with precedent. The expressions used in the Memorial are not conciliatory; and the Emperor has so far yielded to the request as to order the matter to be referred to the proper Board for consultation and report.

solicited the good offices of the British in cording to law. The murderess is said to have regard to the advances of the French in conducted herself with great impudence at the Annam. Some diplomatic communications have inquest, and the magistrate was obliged to order Rates. passed between the French and British representatives on the subject; but the result has not been satisfactory. The French are represented as having politely but firmly declined to allow the British or any other foreign power to interfere with their affairs in Annam; and they signified their intention of doing what they News. please in respect to the policy they are carrying out in Cochin-China. Moreover, it is stated that the Chinese Government are to blame entirely in lotting matters come to the present pass; and that if they had acted straightforwardly and firmly instead of adopting a tricky, vacillating policy, the French would never have had cause to deal as they have with respect to a tributary to the Celestial Empire. The Chinese Government are reported to be alarmed at the state of affairs in the south, especially as they see that temporising is out of the question, and that arms, not words, are the only instruments to be employed in this onso. - Courier.

9th June.

Corea at Ren-san on the 6th inst. The conditions are, in effect, much the same as those made by Commodore Shufeldt. There are some additional clauses; but the American trenty, which had been well considered and discussed both in Peking at the Tsung-li Yamen, and at Tientsin with the Grand Secretary Li, will serve as an examplar to all Western nations desiring to have reflects great credit upon the nation of the relations with the peninsular kingdom. Mr. Flowery Flag; but it may not be so well-Mande will be here to-night or to-morrow, in the known that the Viceroy's choice fell upon the for Sir Thomas Wade, who, I hear, has left Clauses in their last year's treaty. Japan has THE CHINA MERCHANTS' TORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY. H.M. gunboat Sheldraks. He hears despatches | mericans, solely on account of the Auti-opium Tientain for Peking. 6 Monsieur Dillon, the Consul of France at the first Power to open up that country by treaty;

Tientsin, arrived this morning on the Armstrong and so I suppose it has been thought that if the gun-vessel Yangwei, accompanied by the Chi- United States first drew out a treaty with Cores ness sloop Ching-hai. Ma Kien-chang (Taotoi) excluding opium, then every other country would was on board the Yanguet. Monsieur Dillon has follow suit and execute their treaties on the corvette Streck is at anchor in our harbour; B however it seems inherent in human natures, German gunboat also. It is presumed the Ger. especially where large profits are to be made; and mans will apply for their treaty in a few days in. as Cores is opened under Chinese anspices and

streams, wild flowers, and fresh and invigorating the former; more particularly as Newchwang MARINE RISKS at Current Rates to climate. The people are evidently well disposed, presents an inviting field for smuggling across parts of the World. and of a kindly turn of mind. The houses are the Corean frontier and through the Corean poor, and the people, who are strong and well gate. nourished, bave no outward and visible signs of any thing beyond bealthy but elemental existonce. Of arts, or luxury, or splendours of any touched and drawn up in order; it will now bekind, nothing could be seen. It is certain that printed and sent for signature to each of the misin the material joys that can be given by grey sion stations in China. It is based upon the shirtings, American drills, camlets, brandy, and Memorial lately presented by the Indian missionkerosine oil, this poor people is behind the age. aries, with, of course, considerable differences. An And of joint stock companies in Perak or an expression of public opinion at the present Arizona they have not yet one single thought, time, it may have some influence. The Japanese Minister had to take a back seat. not bidden to the feast at all. It is said the Peking, and will very likely lead to the disgrace Japanese residents in Corea have not behaved of the Acting Governor, a Minister of the Foreign according to the rules of propriety .- N. C. Daily

Tseng, now Governor General of Honan, bas been nominated Acting Governor-General of the Liang King, to take the place of Chang, who THE LONDON ASSURANC is now here. Teeng, who is a younger-brother of Tsang Kuo-fan, will not, many think, take the high post bestowed on him. He is old, not very vigorous, and likes his present Government. Our political horizon has been darkened, and

one can oasily see that some strong squalle still has already had a serious complaint made against prepared to grant Insurances as follows:him. It has gone to Poking and has had attention. He has been accused of rapacity. As he Policies at current rates, payable either here, has been scarcely ten days in office, probably the in London, or at the principal Ports of India, charge has been invented for a purpose, and if China, and Australia. search is made for a metive, one can be found. It was thought Chang, who owes much of his rise Policies, issued for long or short periods at in life to Li Hung-chang would very carefully current rates. follow out Li's policy, and walk in the old ways. If appears, however, that Chang took exception Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000, to some of the provincial officials of Li's especial at reduced rates. following, and made a report to Peking, in which Li's surroundings and party were criticised with great frankness and acerbity. The document was sent to Peking but Li got a copy H C NIX FIRE OFFIC of it two or three hours before he left for Anking. So it happened that the parting between Li and The Understaned are now prepared Chang was not at all heartronding. Li seemed to think Chang's salutations were of the nature of a Judas' kiss, and expressed biroself to some such effect. Farther development will soon become known. The disappointment of the officials is great, as Chang, though known to be independ. ent, was expected to behave as a man under deep obligations to Li. H.E. Chang goes to Peking next wook, to make his reverences to the Emperor and the Empress Regent.

President Arthur has sent from Washington, U.S., a superb gold chronometer to Mouslaur Dillon, as a present from the United States Government. The watch bears an inscription teatifving to Mons. Dillon's good services to the United States during the time he acted as American Consul bere. Here von Brandt, Minister of Germany, returned this morning in the Sin

Nanzing: The legislation of the United States against Chinese immigration has been, as might be expected, very badly received at Peking. A mossure of limitation would have been submitted to with a good grace, as the political necessities of Is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS the Grent Republic are well understood. But RISKS at 1 " nott per Annum, and other Ix. Shareholders' Capital, all the Phopurs of the friendly, and not just. The strong animus of Agenous stall the Treaty Ports of China tributed among all Contributors of Business ITHE Undersigned, having been appointed the American Congress against the Chinese and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon, Penang. people much surprises Chinese officials. In and the Philippines. point of fact, however, the Australian legislatures seem to be quite as auxious as the Califarning to keep out the "Mougol,"

The Hagan, which left our bund some months ago as a small short paddle wheel packet, has come back as a long screw steamer, with large capacity for cargo and passengers. The steamers on the line now give to Chinese passengers ex. THE Undersigned have been appointed cellent, roomy, and evenlandious accommedation. 7th June.

The skies have become evereast, but of rain The situation is now alarming, as the whole of no crops can grow on soil which is as bard and Northern Honan, the situation is no better than districtarrived here from Shun Tak the other day, hearts with joy, as the plains which are now sandy and storile wastes will be transformed into

in fear for the future, being in trouble of soul are not disposed to suspect that the long continued drought and dangerous dryness come out of long-continued disregard of natural laws. The avil of the province is its thorough deboismen Bud until plantations of trees are grown on a very large scale, and preserved in accordance with Two darthquakes occurred at Tai-wan-foo dur. scientific rule, this populous state must be ex-

it is of such a nature that no re-agents, such as bling, lost a few days more dryness shall-utterly We regrot to hear the Acting Viceroy of destroy all chances of the autumnal crops. The

> NEWCHWANG. In their commercial report, dated the 7th lest, Messrs. Bush Brothers, of Newshwang, say that measures to put a stop to the growth of opium in Shingking, the crops in some districts having been purposely destroyed. There has also been a raid on opium and other immoral dens. A rather horrible story reaches us from Newchwang. It is again a case of conjugal infidelity but in this instance the husband was the victim. It appears that the wife and her accomplice dreading the exposure which seemed to be inevitable, decided upon murdering the husband:

and this they did, in a sufficiently revolting manner. The oriminals have, however, been atliable source that the Chinese Government rested, and, it is believed, will be dealt with ac-The further examination has been referred to the city of Kal-chow, some thirty miles distant from Newchwang. The woman will no doubt be sanslicing; the man will be beheaded .- N. O. Daily

PEKING.

The Vicercy Li has sent an important despatch to the Foreign Office regarding the enoronchments of the French in Annum. The Tsung-li Ban Hup, Esq. | Yo v Chong PENG, Esq. Yamen telegraphed to the Marquis Tseng to make | CHAN LICHOY, Esq. | Q. HOI CHUNE, Esq. a representation to the French Government, to which they have replied that they thought the affair did not concern the Chinese, and they have ordered war-vessels to the coast to make a demonstration. Annam, or as it is called Ynchnan, from time immemorial. Only last year, an embassy was despatched to Peking and it was only the other day that we noticed its safe conduct over the borders of Kuangsi. Four years ago a Admiral Willes made the British treaty with claimant to the throne of Annam named Li was executed by the Chinese.

The United States Treaty with Corea was signed a few days ago, at Seoul. This was all previously arranged for sometime ago, as hinted to you. It has been put through by the Vicercy, Commodore Shufeldt, and the United | THE undersigned, Agents of the above Com-States Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Holcombo. This been freed from the opium ourse, America being carried out his Coresi commission. The German same lines. There will be danger of smuggling herdly as an independent country, it will be The Corean country is described as being very difficult perhaps to prevent the legal commerce picturesque. Wooded hills, green valleys, clear of the latter country from finding egress into

The Anti-opium Memorial has been finally

Office, named Chung-li. Sir Thomas Wade-has returned from Tientsin .- N. C. Daily News Correspondent.

INSURANCES.

INCORPORATED BY BOYAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY RING GEORGE THE PIRST. A.D. 1726.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation, are MARINE DEPARTMENT.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hougkong, 26th July, 1872.

GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at the following Rates :-On First class European Tenements at & % Net per Annum. On First-class Godowns,

& Merchandise stored On Petroleum in liconsed Godowns at 13 %. Not per Annum. On First-class Chinese at 2 / Not per Annum. On Second-class Chinese Tenements at 21 % Net per Annum.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents for Phonix Fire Office. Hongkong, 5th August, 1861.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong. 4th September, 1879. CTANDARD FIRE OFFICE, LONDON. The Undersigned having been appointed Be Bewareof Worthless Imitations, Being prepared Agents to the above Company at this Port, are to the extent of \$40,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein. Discount 20 % VOGEL & Co. Hengkong, Ist March, 1878.

Hongkong, 4th September, 1879,

INSURANCES.

NOTICE.

DECORD of AMERICAN and FOREIGN

AGENTS to the NEW YOUR BOARD

ABNUOLD, KARBERG & Co.

TANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON. Езтапывный-1824. CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY, £1,000,000 Sterling. OF WHICH IS PAID-UP ... £100,000 Sterling. RESERVE FUND UPWARDS | £120,000 Sterling.

The Undersigned have been appointed Agents posed to mischievous alternations. In one year for the above Company at Honorous, Canton,

> Hongkong, 15th October, 1868. THE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION. LIMITED, LONDON. Undersigned, having been appointed Agence to the above Company at this Port and Canton ate prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$20,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored therein.

Discount 20 % VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, 10th September, 1830. NOTICE.

the Chinese Anthorities have taken strong OUEEN FIRE INSURANCE The Undersigned, Agents for the above Com- . pany, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS on FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS at 1 per Cent. Nott preminm per Annam. NORTON & Co., Agents.

> TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG. The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current

Hongkong, 20th May, 1881.

STEMSSEN & Co., Hengkong, 16th November, 1872. tenced to undergo the ling-chih, or death by THE MAN ON INSURANCE COM. PANY, LIMITED.

> HEAD OFFICE-HONGKONG. CAPITAL (FULLY SUBSCRIBED), \$1,000,000. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. LEUNG ON, Esq., President.

The Commun GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Ageocies. Contributory Dividends are payable to all s tributary to China, and has been so as it were | Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not. WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 2, Queen's Road West, Honglong, 14th March, 1881.

INSURANCE COMPANY. pany, are authorized to INSURE against FIRE at Current Rates. : GILMAN & Co.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1882, INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAL.

CAPITAL (FULLY SUBSCRIBED) TIS. 1,000,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Tong King Sing, Elsq., Chairman. CHU YU CHEE, Esq. | CHANG SU HO. Esq.

CHING TO CHAI, Esq. | YEP TO TIN, Esq. Ho SHEN CHEE, Esq., Secretary.
The Company GRANTS POLICIES, on Usual returns of Premia are made to all

Contributors of Business whether Shareholders HO SHEN CHEE, Secretary. Head Office, Hankow Road, Shanghai, 1st Jane, 1882.

This affair of the apprehension of the Canton | GAPITAL TAELS 600,000; EQUAL TO \$833,933.33. DIRECTORS. LEE SING, of the Lai Hing Firm.

WONG YIK PUN, of the Chun Cheeng Wing Loo YEE, of the Yee On Firm. Wong PAR CHEONG, of the San Tye Lee Hong. TSZ KAI TUNG, of the Yes Cheong Hong. Lo Yeor Moon, of the Kwong Men Cheong

MANAGER-HO AMEL MARINE RISKS on Goods, do., taken CURRENT RATES to Australia, California Manila, Singapore, Saigon, Penang, and to all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan. Head Office, 8 and 9; Praya West; [1441 Hongkong, 14th October, 1878.

COTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY. FIRE AND LIFE.

INSURANCES against FIRE granted at Current Rates, Considerable Reduction in Premia for LIFE INSURANCE in China. MEYER & Co., Agents, Hongkong, 3rd June, 1879. TANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up) Tls. 420,000.00 PERMANENT RESERVE... Tls. 230,000.00 SPECIAL RESERVE The. 290,553.95 TOTAL CAPITAL and Tla. 940,553.95 ACCUMULATIONS, 6th April, 1882

A. I. M. INVERARITY, G. H. WHEELER, Esq. Esq. HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAL

Mesara, RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries. LONDON BRANCH. Massra, BARING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent, 68 and 69, Corphill, E.U. POLICIES granted on MARINE EISES to all

parts of the World. Subject to a charge of 12. for Interest on FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF 187 UNDERWRIPING BUSINESS are annually dis-[whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to L. General Agents for the above Company, Reynolds, Master, will load here for the above the premis pald by them. RUSSELL & Co. Agenta.

INTIMATIONS. THE SAFEST AND ONLY RELIABLE PRI

PARATION OF PHOSPHORUS. DB. BRIGHTS PHOSPHODYNE. DEST known remedy for Nervousness, Indigen-tion Liver Complaints and all Functional Do-rangements; extensively and in the Army and Navy-and highly renormended by the Medical Faculty. DR BRIGHT'S PROSPHODYNE, Only reliable remedy for Weak and Shatfored Con-attentions, Nervous Debility, Depression, Leasitude, Pimples, Impoverished Blood, Prometure Decline; thoroughly re-established the general bodily health. DE, BEIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE, Prepared on a new principle, whereby all possible risk is entirely prevented. Avoid Phosphorus Pills, Lozenges, &c., as they frequently contains solid particles of Phosphorus, which accumulate in the system, producing Neorosia, and other serious evils. DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE,

from Obsolete Formulae, they are absolutely unreprepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE liable, and in some cases positively dangerous. DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE, Sold by all Chemists throughout the Globe. Rofese useless substitutes. Wholesale Agents -- WATEON & Co., Hongkong Dispensary, and Shanghai Pharmacy.

DAYNHAM'S ENTERICON gives immediate n the stomach, giddiness, palpitation of the heart.

Enterious gives spoody relief and a permanent curo in nervous debility, apermatorrhom, dec.
Enterioon is the only infallible remedy for liver complaints, poorness of blood, loss of appetite, want of vitality, Mental Depression, do.

Bold by all Druggists throughout the civilised Wholesale Agents - A S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong Dispensary, and Shanghai Pharmacy. 2111

ROSE & Co.'s CELEBRATED LIME JUICE CORDIAL. Sole Agents for Hongkong and China, ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 19th November, 1881.

FOR SALE.

TESSES. W. & T. LOCKETT'S Cele IVI brated Brands Throlfalls Export PALE ALE and Findlater's *** DUBLIN STOUT in Pints and Quarts. Fine OLD PORT, in cases of one dozen. Mousseaux VIN DE CHAM.

PAGNE in cases of 2 doz. Pints and I dos. (1495 Quarte. GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, 1st January, 1882. FOR SALE.

H A M P A G N E, 1874 HEIDSIECK & Co.'s MONOPOLE. DEETJEN & Co. Hongkong, 1st July, 1881. FOR SALE.

HEIDSIECK'S CHAMPAGNI THAS. 1874. " WEISSLACK." \$20 per case of 2 dozen pints. \$19 per case of 1 dozen quarts. GRAND VIN CHATEAU LEOVILLE. \$24.....per case of 1 dozen quarts, PALMER MARGAUX. \$7.50 per case of 1 dozen quarts. \$8.50per case of 2 dozen pints.

CHATEAU LAROSE. "\$12......per case of 1 dozen quarts. LORMONT. \$5per case of I dozen quarts. \$6per case of 2 dozen pints. SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, 26th March, 1881.

UNSHIN DEALER IN SILKS. Canton and Shanghai Gauzes, Crape Shawls, Lacquered and Ivory Ware, Curiosities, Ornaments, Inlaid Chairs and Tables, &c., &c., GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLER. ENGRATER ON STAMPS, SEALS, &c., &c., No. 62; QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Nore.-This Firm is the oldest established of the kind in Hongkong, and has no connection with any other of similar bong name. SUN SHING. Hongkong, 1st May, 1881.

"LEONHARDI QUELLE," NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE TATURAL GERMAN SELTZEI WATER. Bottled at the Seltzer-Spring near Gross Karben, in Cases of 8 Dozen Pints, \$8 per Case, ... PUSTAU & Co. Sole Agents, German Waterwork Company. Hongkong, 14th February, 1882.

Pure Highland Malt, Thoroughly matured. "As a Stimulant," Says the Medical Review, "It is preferable to Brandy." Bottled under the epecial supervision of

H.M. Inland Revenue, in full-sized bottles, 6 to the gallon. GREENLEES BROTHER 31, COMMERCIAL STREET, LONDON, E. Distilleries. Argyleshire. Agents ;-JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Hongkong.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL. MILLAR & CO. A. PLUMBERS, GASFITTERS. &c., &c., have REMOVED their Office and Ware-room to No. 6, "BEACONSFIELD ARGADE," where Orders for Fittings and Repairs will be punc-

AND R. TENNENT'S ALE am PORTER. DAVID CORSAR & SONS' Marchant Navy Navy Boiled CANVAS Long Flax Crown: ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkoug, 11th May, 1867. IVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY. The Undersigned, as Agents for the above ITHE Company's Steamship. Company, are proposed from this date to GRANT POLICIES upon FIRST-CLASS BISES to the extent of £10,000; at the Reduced Tariff Captain Ward, will have quick despatch.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIR & Co. Hongkoug, 11th May, 1881. CALEDONIAN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1805. THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to issue Policies of Insurance against Fire on the usual terms. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, January, 1882. UN FIRE OFFIC The Undersigned are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-olass Risks. LINSTEAD & DAVIS,

Agents, Sun Fire Office. Hongkong, 12th May, 1881. ONDON & STAFFORDSHIRE FIRE Kliofoth, Master, will load here for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. BITHERTO CALLED THE STAFFORDSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Two MILLIONS STEELING. The Undersigned are prepared to IESUI POLICIES covering FIRE RISES at ourrent ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Hongkong, 27th August, 1880.

OF HAMBURG. Rates, allowing usual discounts.

Refer, allowing usual discounts. EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.

VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

POSTPONED ON ACCOUNT OF INCLE-MENT WEATHER. FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE. VIA FOOCHOW. (Calling at Port DARWIN and QUEENSLAND Pours, and taking through Cargo to NEW ZEALAND, TASMANIA, NEW CALHDONIA.

"EALING." Captain Salman, will be despatched as above, TO-MORROW, the 23rd instant, at FIVE P.M. Parcels cannot be received after Noon of the 22nd instant at our Office. For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co., Hongkong, 16th June; 1882.

FLTI, &co.). THE Eastern and Australian Steamship

Company's Chartered Steamer

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI. (With Option of Calling at H1000). THE P. & O. S. N. Co,'s Steamship

"BANGALORE;" will leave for the above places at Noon, on SATURDAY, the 24th June. Superintendent. Hongkong, 13th June, 1892.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOOCHOW HE Steamship Captain Westoby, will be despatched for the above Ports, on SUNDAY, the 25th instant,

at DAYLIGHT. For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, 21st June, 1882. NETHERLANDS INDIA STEAM NAVI GATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR BATAVIA, SAMARANG, AND SOURABAYA, WA PONTIANAK. THE Co.'s Steamship "ATJEH," above Ports, on MONDAY, the 26th instant, at will not be recognized. Captain Schippers, will be despatched for the

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Hongkong, 21st June, 1882. STEAM TO BOMBAY VIA STRAITS.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship "ZAMBESI" will leave for the above place on TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at FOUR P.M. Superintendent:

Hongkong, 20th June, 1892.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, POUT SAID. AND TRIESTE. (Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, ODESSA, and the

THE Company's Steamship "AGLAJA. Captain B. Crilanovich, will be despatched as above on or about the 4th July, at FOUR P.M. For further Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co.,

MEDITERBANEAN PORTS).

Agents. Hougkong, 19th June, 1882. CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS. FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. (Taking Cargo at through rates for HAMBURG

and NEW YOEK). HE Steamship "MINARD CASTLE." Skinner. Commander, expected here on or about the 2nd proximo, will have immediate despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Hongkong, 17th June, 1832. FOR MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY. THE Steamship

"TAMSUL" Captain Whittle, will be despatched on or about the lat July. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 19th June, 1882. FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship "GLENARTNEY." Captain Wallace, will be despatched as above on or about the 24th instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, 13th June, 1882. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL. THE Company" Steamship "ACHILLES. Captain Anderson, will be despatched on about the 24th instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 13th Jane, 1882. STEAM TO SHANGHAL HE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

will leave for the above place about 24 hours after her arrival with the next Euglish Mail. A. McIVER. Superintendent. Hongkong, 13th June, 1882. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

"KHEDIVE,"

FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY. (Takin: Cargo and Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEWGHWANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, and PORTS on the YANGTSZE.) "SARPEDON."

For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Hongkong, 25th May, 1882. FOR HONOLULU DIRECT: THE 3/3 L. I. I. German Back

G. Lambeken, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight or Passage, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 15th June, 1882. FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

HE 100 A. L. British Ship "BRAMBLETYE," Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hougkong, 19th April, 1882.

FOR HAMBURG, DIRECT. FIHE 3/3 L. I. I. German Bark "PAUL." Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, 13th June, 1882.

CARLOWITZ & Co.

THE 3/3 A I I. German Bark F. Ulrich, Master, will load here for the above Ports and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 19th June, 1882.

FOR NEW YORK

FOR LONDON VIA HAVRE.

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 23rd May, 1982

THE 3/3 L I. L. American Berk.

VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

STUAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA GIBRALTAR, BRINDISI, ANCONA VENICE, PLYMOUTH, AND LONDON; BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND

AUSTRALIA. N.B.-CARGO CAN DE TAKEN ON THROUGH BUEG, NEW YORK, AND BOSTON

THE PENINGULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship "BRINDISI," Captain Lee, with Her Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for LONDON direct via SUEZ CANAL and usual Ports of call on FRIDAY, the 23rd Cargo will be received on board and Parcels 17th, and may be looked for here on of about and Specie (Gold) at the Office until Noon on the day previous. For further particulars regarding FREIGHT

and PASSAGE apply to the PREINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S 19th, and may be expected here on the 27th inst. Office. Hong kong. The Contents and Value of Packages are required to be declared prior to shipment. Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Black Bills of Lading. A. McIVER, Superintendent. Hongkong, 13th June, 1882.

MITS STEAMSHIP CO. STEAM TO NAGASAKI AND KOBE VIA INLAND SEA.

(Taking Cargo for YOKOHAMA and VLADI-VOSTOUR.)

For Singapore, Port Darwin, Cooktown,

Tewnsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne, &c., WYNN, due here on or about the &c. &c. Per Meath, to day, the 22nd instant, 18th instant, will be despatched as above on at 11.30 A.M. FRIDAY, the 23rd June, at 4 P.M. Cargo received on board and Parcels at the Office up to ONE P.M., of the day of Sailing. No Bill of Lading signed under \$2 Freight. All Claims for Damage must be settled on For Saigon.—Per Olympia, on Saturday, the board before delivery is taken, otherwise they 24th instant, at 4.30 P.M.

Cargo and Passengers for Yokohama will be transhipped to the Shanghai Mail Steamer at Kobe and for Vladivestock at Nagasaki. For further Particulars, apply at the Company's Offices, Praya Central, Ground Floor of Mesers. Russall & Co. H. J. H. TRIPP.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1882.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVER.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

YOKOHAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO. THE U.S. Mail Steamer 1122 OF PEKING." will be despatched for San Francisco, vid Yokohams, on TUESDAY, the 27th June, at THREE P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

LAND RAIL WAYS, AND TOUCHING AT

Through Bills of Lading issued for bransportation to Yokohams and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Bailways, to Havans, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to poxts in Mexico. Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers. Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers. On prepaid Return Passage Orders a RE.

DUCTION of 25 % is made. Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. on the 25th June. Parcel Packages will be SUNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHARBHOLDERS. received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required. Consular, Invoices to accompany Overland ACCEPT FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco. For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company,

No. 6, Queen's Road Central F. E. FOSTER. General Agent for Chius and Japan. Hongkong, 14th June, 1882. NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES. PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS. STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, CO. LOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, SYRIAN PORTS NAPLES MARSEILLES, AND PORTS OF BRAZIL AND LA PLATA: FIRE Undersigned, having been appointed

BOMBAY, MAHE, ST. DENIS, AND PORT LOUIS N THURSDAY the 29th day of June, "IRAOUADDY." Commandant Pasqualini, Australia, and the East. with MATLS. PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marsoilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe. Shipping Orders will be granted until Noon FITHAMES AND MERSEY MARINE of 28th June, 1882 Cargo will be received on board until A P. M. Specie and Parcels until 3 P.M., on the 28th June, 1882. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.) Contents and value of Packages are

G. DE CHAMPEAUX. Hougkong, 20th June, 1882

For further particulars, apply at the Com-

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM. SHIP COMPANY. TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE: . THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING

STEAMERS.

FITHE Steamship "ARABIC" will be de watched for San Francisco, vid Yokohama OB TUESDAY, 4th July, at THERE P.M. Connection being made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghal and Japan Ports. All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to widress in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office until Five P.M. the day previone to sailing. A REDUCTION of 25 % made on all RE. TURN PASSAGE ORDERS issued. Pickard, Master, will load here for the above Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, Mexican Central, and South American Cargo, IOE KING, American ship, George Bartlett.should be sent to the Company's Offices, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Fran-For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company,

> CHAS. H. HASWELL, JUN. Hongkong, 15th Jure, 1882. NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY AT HAMBURG.

No. 50A, Queen's Road Central:

HE Undersigned, AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT IN-SURANCES to the extent of \$65,000, on firstolass risks at ourrent rates. MELOHERS & Co. Hongkong, 27th Merch, 1876. THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSUR-ANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. CAPITAL-£2,000,000,-PAID UP \$200,000. PAID UP RESERVE FUND-\$50,000. FIRE Undersigned having been appointed.

pared to Aggart Risks against Bras at Cor-GEC. B. SLEVENS & Co. Henriche, let January, 1882.

Agents for the above Company are pro-

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE ENGLISH MAIL. The P. and O. steamer Khedive, with the next English mail, left Bingapore at 8 a.m. on

the 17th, and is due bare on the 22nd just, THE AMERICAN MAILS. The O. and O. steamer Arabic, with the next American mail, left Yokohama on the 15th, and GULT PORTS, MARSEILLES, TRIESTE, HAM. may be expected to arrive here on the 22nd inst. The O. and O. steamer Oceanio, with the sucoseding American mail, left San Francisco on. the 6th June, and may be looked for here on or. about the 4th July.

> STEAMERS EXPECTED. The steamer Glenearn left Singapore on the the 23rd instant.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer Aglaja left Singapore on the morning of the

POST-OFFICE NOTICES.

The authorised List of Mails Issued in connection with this paper is the one published twice each day in our Extra, which is always corrected to a much later hour than that given

A MAIL WILL OLOGU

For Swatow .- Per China, to-day, the 22nd instant, at 7.30 A.M. For Swatow and Amoy. Per Atholl, to-day, the 22nd inst, at 9.30 A.M. For Foodhow, Port Darwin, Thursday, Is. land, Cooktown, Townsville, Reppel Bay, Bris. bane, Sydney, Melbourne, &c .- Por Ealing, tomorrow, the 23rd instant, at 4.30. P.M. For Swatow, Amoy, and Foodhow-Per Namoa, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 5.00 P.M.

Tuesday, the 27th inst., at 3.80 P.M. His Excellency the Administrator has been pleased to approve of the following Hours for closing the Euglish Mails till further notice, on the days mentioned below :--

For Pontianak, Batavia, Samarang and Soura-

baya. - Per Abich, on Monday, the 26th, instant,

For Straits and Bombay -- Per Zambesi, on:

Thursday, June

3.00 P.M. -- Money Order Office closes. 4.00 P.M. Registry of Letters ceases. Post ing of all printed matter and patterns ceases. 5.00 P.M.-Mails closed, except for Late Letters. 10 P.M. Letters may be posted with late fee of 10 cents natil 5.30 P.M.—when the Post Office closes entirely.

6.00 P.M.-Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with late fee of 10 cents, and newspapers without late fee. natil 9.30 P.M. when the Supplementary Mail will be closed; Circulars will be returned to the Post Office. fter 9.30 P.M. Letters may be placed in the

Loose Box for treatment at Singapore. THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND. CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

The Undersigned, having been appointed

Agents for the above Company, are prepared to Corrent Rates, allowing usual discounts. GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong 1st July 1881 A GRANDE COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCES MARITIMES.

(CERCLE TRANSPORTS REUNIES) PARIS. CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED 50,000,000 Francs. CAPITAL PAID-DP 12,500,000 Francs.

The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS of the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES on MARINE BISKS to all parts of the World. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 1st January, 1832. BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows --MARINE RISES Policies at Current Rates, payable either here, 1882, at Noon, the Company's Steamship in London, or at the principal ports of India

> FIRE RISKS. Policies granted on First class Buildings to an extent of \$20,000 at Current Local Rates. RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 1st January, 1874.

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. HEAD OFFICE-1, ROYAL EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, LONDON.

The Undersigned, having been appointed

Agents in Hongkong and China for the above

Company, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual dis-ADAMSON, BELL & Co. Hongkong, 4th May, 1881. LOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS.

Neither the CAPTAINS, the AGENTS, nor the

DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crews of the following Vessels during their stay in Hongkong Harbour :--ALVA, Portuguese barque, E. de Souza Bran dio & Co. AMOY, Brit. str. C. Herrmanu. - Siemssen & Co BELTED WILL British bark, S. E. Farrell .-

CARNARVONSHIRE Brit. schooner, G. Williams, -Jardine, Matheson & Co. EALING, British str., Salmon.—Siemssen & Co. ESPERANCE, French back, H. Le Vormand. Carlowits & Co. EDWIN BEED, American bark, B. S. Raviden. -Melchers & Co. GRECIAN, American ship, A. H. Dunber .-Captain.

Holliday, Wise & Co. Inaze, British back, W. A. Peace, -Wieler JUPITER, German bark, F. Ulrich.-Chinese. MALVINA Ger. bark, H. Kluge.-Wieler & Co. MEATH. British steamer, J. Johnson.-Hing Kee & Co. MELBORE, American ship, U. A. French. Borneo Company Limited. NAM-RIAN, French steamer A. Gargesu.-Shing Loong. NIGATA MARU, Japanese steamer, J. Wynn M. B. M. S. S. Co. Melchers & Co.

Permo, Ger. bark, Lamoken. - Siemasen & Co. PERNAMBUCO, British steamer, T. Hamlio,-RODERICE HAY, British bark, P. H. Nicolson. -Turner & Co. STARLIGHT, Slamese bark, E. Moller .-- Yuen Fat Hong. STARLIGHT, Siamese brig, P. J. Kofoed .- Ynen Fat Hong. WALLS CASTLU, British barque, H. A. Brown.

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